

Rehabilitation Protocol for Anterior Cruciate Ligament (ACL) Reconstruction

This protocol is intended to guide clinicians through the post-operative course for ACL Reconstruction. This protocol is time based (dependent on tissue healing) as well as criterion based. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider exam findings and clinical decision making. The timeframes for expected outcomes contained within this guideline may vary based on surgeon's preference, additional procedures performed, and/or complications. If a clinician requires assistance in the progression of a post-operative patient, they should consult with the referring surgeon.

The interventions included within this protocol are not intended to be an inclusive list of exercises. Therapeutic interventions should be included and modified based on the progress of the patient and under the discretion of the clinician.

Considerations for allograft and hamstring autograft

Early weight bearing and early rehabilitation intervention vary for allograft and hamstring autograft. Please reference specific instructions below. Expectations are the early return to sport phase will be delayed.

Considerations with concomitant injuries

Be sure to follow the more conservative protocol with regards to range of motion, weight bearing, and rehab progression when there are concomitant injuries (i.e. meniscus repair).

Post-operative considerations

If you develop a fever, intense calf pain, excessive drainage from the incision, uncontrolled pain or any other symptoms you have concerns about you should call your doctor.

PHASE I: IMMEDIATE POST-OP (0-2 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Protect graft • Reduce swelling, minimize pain • Restore patellar mobility • Restore full extension, gradually improve flexion • Minimize arthrogenic muscle inhibition, re-establish quad control, regain full active extension • Patient education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Keep your knee straight and elevated when sitting or laying down. Do not rest with a towel placed under the knee ○ Do not actively kick your knee out straight; support your surgical side when performing transfers (i.e. sitting to laying down) ○ Do not pivot on your surgical side
Weight Bearing	<p><i>Walking</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weight Bearing As Tolerated (WBAT)-Initially brace locked, crutches (per MD recommendation) • May start walking without crutches as long as there is no increased pain, effusion, and proper gait <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Allograft and hamstring autograft continue partial weight bearing with crutches for 6 weeks unless otherwise instructed by MD • May unlock brace once able to perform straight leg raise without lag • May discontinue use of brace after 6 wks per MD and once adequate quad control is achieved • When climbing stairs, lead with the non-surgical side when going up the stairs, and lead with the crutches and surgical side when going down the stairs

Interventions	<p><i>Swelling Management</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ice, compression, elevation (check with MD re: cold therapy) • Retrograde massage • Ankle pumps <p><i>Range of motion/Mobility</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patellar mobilizations: superior/inferior and medial/lateral <i>**Patellar mobilizations are heavily emphasized in the early post-operative phase following patella tendon autograft**</i> • Seated assisted knee flexion extension and heel slides with towel • Low intensity, long duration extension stretches: prone hang, heel prop • Standing gastroc stretch and soleus stretch • Supine active hamstring stretch and supine passive hamstring stretch <p><i>Strengthening</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calf raises • Quad sets <i>NMES high intensity (2500 Hz, 75 bursts), with quad sets and functional exercises as appropriate. Consider home unit distributed immediate post op if poor quad activation</i> • Straight leg raise <i>**Do not perform straight leg raise if you have a knee extension lag</i> • Hip abduction • Multi-angle isometrics 90 and 60 deg knee extension
Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knee extension ROM 0 deg • Quad contraction with superior patella glide and full active extension • Able to perform straight leg raise without lag

PHASE II: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP (3-5 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue to protect graft • Maintain full extension, restore full flexion (contralateral side) • Normalize gait
Additional Interventions <i>*Continue with Phase I interventions</i>	<p><i>Range of motion/Mobility</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stationary bicycle • Gentle stretching all muscle groups: prone quad stretch, standing quad stretch, kneeling hip flexor stretch <p><i>Strengthening</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standing/Prone hamstring curls • Step ups and step ups with march • Ball squats, wall slides, mini squats from 0-60 deg • Gym equipment: leg press machine, seated hamstring curl machine • Lumbopelvic strengthening: bridge & unilateral bridge, clamshell, bridges on physioball, hip hike <p><i>Balance/proprioception</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single leg standing balance (knee slightly flexed) static progressed to dynamic and level progressed to unsteady surface • Lateral step-overs • Joint position re-training
Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Swelling of 1+ or less and stable (Modified Stroke Test) • Flexion ROM within 10 deg contralateral side • Extension ROM equal to contralateral side

PHASE III: LATE POST-OP (6-8 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue to protect graft site Maintain full ROM Safely progress strengthening Promote proper movement patterns Avoid post exercise pain/swelling Avoid activities that produce pain at graft donor site
Additional Interventions <i>*Continue with Phase I-II Interventions</i>	<p><i>Range of motion/Mobility</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rotational tibial mobilizations if limited ROM <p><i>Cardio</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8 weeks: Elliptical, stair climber, flutter kick swimming, pool jogging <p><i>Strengthening</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gym equipment: hip abductor and adductor machine, hip extension machine, roman chair, seated calf machine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hamstring autograft can begin resisted hamstring strengthening at 12 weeks <p>**The following exercises to focus on proper control with emphasis on good proximal stability</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Squat to chair Lateral lunges Lateral band walks Romanian deadlift and single leg deadlift bridge on physioball with roll-in, bridge on physioball alternating Single leg progression: single leg press, slide board lunges: retro and lateral, step ups and step ups with march, lateral step-ups, step downs, single leg squats, single leg wall slides Knee Exercises for additional exercises and descriptions Seated Leg Extension (avoid anterior knee pain): 90-45 degrees, add resistance as appropriate <p>Progress intensity (strength) and duration (endurance) of exercises</p> <p><i>Balance/proprioception</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress single limb balance including perturbation training
Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No effusion/swelling/pain after exercise Normal gait ROM equal to contralateral side Symmetrical joint position sense (<5-degree margin of error)

PHASE IV: TRANSITIONAL (9-12 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintain full ROM Safely progress strengthening Promote proper movement patterns Avoid post exercise pain/swelling Avoid activities that produce pain at graft donor site
Additional Interventions <i>*Continue with Phase II-III interventions</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begin sub-max sport specific training in the sagittal plane Bilateral PWB plyometrics progressed to FWB plyometrics as able with proper form demonstrated and no pain <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DL med ball slams Shuttle jumps progressed from double leg to alternating to single leg DL hops in place on the ground with UE support, gradually reduce UE support DL box jump Small double leg drop jump, gradually progress height

Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No episodes of instability 10 repetitions single leg squat proper form through at least 60 deg knee flexion Drop vertical jump with good control in all planes and good eccentric control KOOS-sports questionnaire >70% <u>Functional Assessment</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quadriceps index >80%; HHD or isokinetic testing 60d/s Hamstrings ≥80%; HHD or isokinetic testing 60 d/s Glut med, glut max index ≥80% HHD
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PHASE V: EARLY RETURN TO SPORT/PLYOMETRICS(3-5 MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Safely progress strengthening Initiate single leg plyometrics Safely initiate sport specific training program Promote proper movement patterns Avoid post exercise pain/swelling Avoid activities that produce pain at graft donor site
Additional Interventions <i>*Continue with Phase II-IV interventions</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interval running program <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Return to Running Program Progress to plyometric and agility program (with functional brace if prescribed) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agility and Plyometric Program
Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clearance from MD and ALL milestone criteria below have been met Completion jog/run program without pain/effusion / swelling <u>Functional Assessment</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quad/HS/glut index ≥90%; HHD mean or isokinetic testing @ 60d/s Hamstring/Quad ratio ≥66% Hop Testing ≥90% compared to contralateral side, demonstrating good landing mechanics

PHASE VI: RETURN TO SPORT PROGRESSION (6+ MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue strengthening and proprioceptive exercises Symmetrical performance with sport specific drills Safely progress to full sport
Additional Interventions <i>*Continue with Phase II-V interventions</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multi-plane sport specific plyometrics program Multi-plane sport specific agility program Include hard cutting and pivoting depending on the individuals' goals (~7-9 mo) Non-contact practice→ Full practice→ Full play (~9-12 mo)
Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>Functional Assessment</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quad/HS/glut index ≥95%; HHD mean or isokinetic testing @ 60d/s Hamstring/Quad ratio ≥66% Hop Testing ≥95% compared to contralateral side, demonstrating good landing mechanics KOOS-sports questionnaire >90% International Knee Committee Subjective Knee Evaluation >93 ACL-RSI ≥90%

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Contact	Please email MGHSportsPhysicalTherapy@partners.org with questions specific to this protocol
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References:

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- Di Stasi S, Myer GD, Hewett TE. Neuromuscular Training to Target Deficits Associated with Second Anterior Cruciate Ligament Injury. *JOSPT* 2013 43 (11): 777-792.

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Return to Running Program

This program is designed as a guide for clinicians and patients through a progressive return-to-run program. Patients should demonstrate > 80% on the Functional Assessment prior to initiating this program (after a knee ligament or meniscus repair). Specific recommendations should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

PHASE I: WARM UP WALK 15 MINUTES, COOL DOWN WALK 10 MINUTES

Day	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Week 1	W5/J1x5		W5/J1x5		W4/J2x5		W4/J2x5
Week 2		W3/J3x5		W3/J3x5		W2/J4x5	
Week 3	W2/J4x5		W1/J5x5		W1/J5x5		Return to Run

Key: W=walk, J=jog

****Only progress if there is no pain or swelling during or after the run**

PHASE II: WARM UP WALK 15 MINUTES, COOL DOWN WALK 10 MINUTES

Week	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1	20 min		20 min		20 min		25 min
2		25 min		25 min		30 min	
3	30 min		30 min		35 min		35 min
4		35 min		40 min		40 min	
5	40 min		45 min		45 min		45 min
6		50 min		50 min		50 min	
7	55 min		55 min		55 min		60 min
8		60 min		60 min			

Recommendations

- Runs should occur on softer surfaces during Phase I
- Non-impact activity on off days
- Goal is to increase mileage and then increase pace; avoid increasing two variables at once
- 10% rule: no more than 10% increase in mileage per week

Agility and Plyometric Program

This program is designed as a guide for clinicians and patients through a progressive series of agility and plyometric exercises to promote successful return to sport and reduce injury risk. Patients should demonstrate > 80% on the Functional Assessment prior to initiating this program. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

PHASE I: ANTERIOR PROGRESSION

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Safely recondition the knee • Provide a logical sequence of progressive drills for pre-sports conditioning
Agility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Forward run • Backward run • Forward lean into a run • Forward run with 3-step deceleration • Figure 8 run • Circle run • Ladder
Plyometrics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shuttle press: Double leg→alternating leg→single leg jumps • Double leg: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Jumps on to a box→ jump off of a box→ jumps on/off box ○ Forward jumps, forward jump to broad jump ○ Tuck jumps ○ Backward/forward hops over line/cone • Single leg (these exercises are challenging and should be considered for more advanced athletes): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Progressive single leg jump tasks ○ Bounding run ○ Scissor jumps ○ Backward/forward hops over line/cone
Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No increase in pain or swelling • Pain-free during loading activities • Demonstrates proper movement patterns

PHASE II: LATERAL PROGRESSION

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Safely recondition the knee • Provide a logical sequence of progressive drills for the Level 1 sport athlete
Agility <i>*Continue with Phase I interventions</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Side shuffle • Carioca • Crossover steps • Shuttle run • Zig-zag run • Ladder
Plyometrics <i>*Continue with Phase I interventions</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Double leg: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Lateral jumps over line/cone ○ Lateral tuck jumps over cone • Single leg (these exercises are challenging and should be considered for more advanced athletes): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Lateral jumps over line/cone ○ Lateral jumps with sport cord
Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No increase in pain or swelling • Pain-free during loading activities • Demonstrates proper movement patterns

PHASE III: MULTI-PLANAR PROGRESSION

Rehabilitation Goals	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Challenge the Level 1 sport athlete in preparation for final clearance for return to sport
Agility <i>*Continue with Phase I-II interventions</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Box drill• Star drill• Side shuffle with hurdles
Plyometrics <i>*Continue with Phase I-II interventions</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Box jumps with quick change of direction• 90 and 180 degree jumps
Criteria to Progress	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clearance from MD• <u>Functional Assessment</u><ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Quad/HS/glut index $\geq 90\%$ contralateral side (isokinetic testing if available)○ Hamstring/Quad ratio $\geq 70\%$○ Hop Testing $\geq 90\%$ contralateral side• KOOS-sports questionnaire $>90\%$• International Knee Committee Subjective Knee Evaluation >93• <u>Psych Readiness to Return to Sport (PRRS)</u>

