Rehabilitation Protocol for Achilles Tendon Repair

This protocol is intended to guide clinicians and patients through the post-operative course for an Achilles tendon repair. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider exam findings and clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

Considerations for the Post-operative Achilles tendon repair program
Many different factors influence the post-operative Achilles tendon rehabilitation outcomes, including type and location of the Achilles tear and repair. Consider taking a more conservative approach to range of motion, weight bearing, and rehab progression with tendon augmentation, re-rupture after non-surgical management, revision, chronic tendinosis, and co-morbidities, for example, obesity, older age, and steroid use. It is recommended that clinicians collaborate closely with the referring physician regarding intra-operative findings and satisfaction with the strength of the repair.

Post-operative considerations
If you develop a fever, intense calf pain, uncontrolled pain or any other symptoms you have concerns about you should call your doctor.

**PHASE I: IMMEDIATE POST-OP (0-2 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)**

| Rehabilitation Goals | • Protect repair  
|                      | • Minimize muscle atrophy in the quads, hamstrings, and glutes |
| Weight Bearing       | **Walking**  
|                      | • Non-weight bearing on crutches  
|                      | • When climbing stairs, make sure you are leading with the non-surgical side when going up the stairs, make sure you are leading with the crutches and surgical side when going down the stairs |
| Intervention         | **Range of motion/Mobility**  
|                      | • Supine passive hamstring stretch  
|                      | **Strengthening**  
|                      | • Quad sets  
|                      | • NMES high intensity (2500 Hz, 75 bursts) supine knee extended 10 sec/50 sec, 10 contractions, 2x/wk during sessions—use of clinical stimulator during session, consider home units distributed immediate post op  
|                      | • Straight leg raise  
|                      | o **Do not perform straight leg raise if you have a knee extension lag (with brace/cast removed)**  
|                      | • Hip abduction  
|                      | • Prone hamstring curls  
| Criteria to Progress | • Pain < 5/10 |

**PHASE II: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP (3-6 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)**

| Rehabilitation Goals | • Continue to protect repair  
|                      | • Avoid over-elongation of the Achilles  
|                      | • Reduce pain, minimize swelling  
|                      | • Improve scar mobility  
|                      | • Restore ankle plantar flexion, inversion, and eversion  
|                      | • Dorsiflexion to neutral |
| Weight Bearing       | **Walking**  
|                      | • Partial-weight bearing on crutches in a boot |
### Additional Intervention

*Continue with Phase I interventions*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range of motion/Mobility</th>
<th>Gradually wean heel lift: start with 3 wedges, removing one per week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PROM/AAROM/AROM: ankle dorsiflexion**, plantar flexion, inversion, eversion, ankle circles</td>
<td>**do not dorsiflex ankle beyond neutral/0 degrees</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Upper body ergometer    | *
| Lubopelvic strengthening: sidelying hip external rotation-clamshell, plank |
| Joint position re-training | *

### Criteria to Progress

- Pain < 3/10
- Minimal swelling (recommend water displacement volumetry or circumference measures like Figure 8)
- Full ROM PF, eversion, inversion
- DF to neutral

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**PHASE III: LATE POST-OP (7-8 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)**

**Rehabilitation Goals**

- Continue to protect repair
- Avoid over-elongation of the Achilles
- Normalize gait
- Restore full range of motion
- Safely progress strengthening
- Promote proper movement patterns
- Avoid post exercise pain/swelling

**Weight Bearing**

- Weight bearing as tolerated in boot without lift

**Additional Intervention**

*Continue with Phase I-II Interventions*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range of motion/Mobility</th>
<th>Gentle long-sitting gastroc stretch as indicated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gentle stretching all muscle groups: prone quad stretch, standing quad stretch, kneeling hip flexor stretch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Ankle/foot mobilizations (talocrural, subtalar, and midfoot) as indicated | *
| Stationary bicycle, flutter kick swimming/pool jogging (with full healing of incision) | *
| 4 way ankle |
| Short foot |
| Lumbopelvic strengthening: bridges on physioball, bridge on physioball with roll-in, bridge on physioball alternating |
| Gym equipment: hip abductor and adductor machine, hip extension machine, roman chair |
| Progress intensity (strength) and duration (endurance) of exercises |

**Balance/proproprioception**

- Double limb standing balance utilizing uneven surface (wobble board)
- Single limb balance progress to uneven surface including perturbation training

**Criteria to Progress**

- No swelling/pain after exercise
- Normal gait in a standard shoe
- ROM equal to contra lateral side
- Joint position sense symmetrical (<5 degree margin of error)

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**PHASE IV: TRANSITIONAL (9-12 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)**

**Rehabilitation Goals**

- Maintain full ROM
- Normalize gait
- Avoid over-elongation of the Achilles
- Safely progress strengthening
- Promote proper movement patterns
- Avoid post exercise pain/swelling
**Weight Bearing**
- Weight bearing as tolerated

**Additional Intervention**
*Continue with Phase I-III interventions*

*Range of motion/Mobility*
- Gentle standing gastroc stretch and soleus stretch as indicated

*Strengthening*
- Calf raises concentric
- Knee Exercises for additional exercises and descriptions
- Gym equipment: seated hamstring curl machine and hamstring curl machine, leg press machine
- Romanian deadlift

**Criteria to Progress**
- No swelling/pain after exercise
- Full ROM during concentric calf raise
- Normal gait

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**PHASE V: ADVANCED POST-OP (3-5 MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)**

**Rehabilitation Goals**
- Safely progress strengthening
- Promote proper movement patterns
- Avoid post exercise pain/swelling

**Additional Intervention**
*Continue with Phase II-IV interventions*

*Cardio*
- Elliptical, stair climber

*Range of motion/Mobility*
- Standing gastroc stretch and soleus stretch as indicated

*Strengthening*
- Calf raises eccentric
- Seated calf machine
  - **The following exercises to focus on proper control with emphasis on good proximal stability**
  - Squat to chair
  - Hip hike
  - Lateral lunges
- Single leg progression: partial weight bearing single leg press, slide board lunges: retro and lateral, step ups and step ups with march, lateral step-ups, step downs, single leg squats, single leg wall slides

**Criteria to Progress**
- No swelling/pain after exercise
- Standing Heel Rise test
- No swelling/pain with 30 minutes of fast pace walking
- Achilles Tendon Rupture Score (ATRS)
- Psych Readiness to Return to Sport (PRRS)

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**PHASE VI: EARLY to UNRESTRICTED RETURN TO SPORT (6+ MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)**

**Rehabilitation Goals**
- Continue strengthening and proprioceptive exercises
- Safely initiate sport specific training program
- Symmetrical performance with sport specific drills
- Safely progress to full sport

**Additional Intervention**
*Continue with Phase II-V interventions*

- Interval running program
- Return to Running Program
- Agility and Plyometric Program

**Criteria to Progress**
- Clearance from MD and ALL milestone criteria below have been met
- Completion jog/run program without pain/swelling
- Functional Assessment
  - Standing Heel Rise test
  - ≥90% compared to contra lateral side
- Return-to-sport testing can be performed at MGH Sports Physical Therapy, if necessary

Revised June 2019
Contact
Please email MGHSportsPhysicalTherapy@partners.org with questions specific to this protocol

References


Functional Assessment

Patient Name: ___________________________  MRN: __________

Date of Surgery: _________________________  Surgeon: ___________________________

Concomitant Injuries/Procedures: ___________________________________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Operative Limb</th>
<th>Non-operative Limb</th>
<th>Limb Symmetry Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Range of motion (X-0-X)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pain (0-10)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standing Heel Rise test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Hop Testing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Single-leg Hop for Distance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Triple Hop for Distance</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Crossover Hop for Distance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Vertical Jump</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y-Balance Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculated 1 RM (single leg press)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psych. Readiness to Return to Sport (PRRS)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ready to jog?  YES  NO

Ready to return to sport?  YES  NO

Recommendations: ___________________________________________________________

Examiner: ________________________________________________________________

**Range of motion** is recorded in X-0-X format: for example, if a patient has 6 degrees of hyperextension and 135 degrees of flexion, ROM would read: 6-0-135. If the patient does not achieve hyperextension, and is lacking full extension by 5 degrees, the ROM would simply read: 5-135.

**Pain** is recorded as an average value over the past 2 weeks, from 0-10. 0 is absolutely no pain, and 10 is the worst pain ever experienced.

**Standing Heel Rise test** is performed starting on a box with a 10 degree incline. Patient performs as many single leg heel raises as possible to a 30 beat per minute metronome. The test is terminated if the patient leans or pushes down on the table surface they are using to balance, the knee flexes, the plantar-flexion range of motion decreases by more than 50% of the starting range of motion, or the patient cannot keep up with the metronome/fatigues.

**Hop testing** is performed per standardized testing guidelines. The average of 3 trials is recorded to the nearest centimeter for each limb.
Return to Running Program

This program is designed as a guide for clinicians and patients through a progressive return-to-run program. Patients should demonstrate > 80% on the Functional Assessment prior to initiating this program (after a knee ligament or meniscus repair). Specific recommendations should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

**PHASE I: WARM UP WALK 15 MINUTES, COOL DOWN WALK 10 MINUTES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>W5/J1x5</td>
<td></td>
<td>W5/J1x5</td>
<td></td>
<td>W4/J2x5</td>
<td></td>
<td>W4/J2x5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Week 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 2</td>
<td>W3/J3x5</td>
<td></td>
<td>W3/J3x5</td>
<td></td>
<td>W2/J4x5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week 3</td>
<td>W2/J4x5</td>
<td>W1/J5x5</td>
<td>W1/J5x5</td>
<td>Return to Run</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key: W=walk, J=jog

**Only progress if there is no pain or swelling during or after the run**

**PHASE II: WARM UP WALK 15 MINUTES, COOL DOWN WALK 10 MINUTES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Sunday</th>
<th>Monday</th>
<th>Tuesday</th>
<th>Wednesday</th>
<th>Thursday</th>
<th>Friday</th>
<th>Saturday</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>20 min</td>
<td>20 min</td>
<td></td>
<td>20 min</td>
<td></td>
<td>25 min</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>25 min</td>
<td>25 min</td>
<td></td>
<td>30 min</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>30 min</td>
<td>30 min</td>
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<td>35 min</td>
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<td>35 min</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>35 min</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>40 min</td>
<td>45 min</td>
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<td>45 min</td>
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<td>45 min</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>50 min</td>
<td>50 min</td>
<td></td>
<td>50 min</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>55 min</td>
<td>55 min</td>
<td></td>
<td>55 min</td>
<td></td>
<td>60 min</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>60 min</td>
<td>60 min</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Recommendations**

- Runs should occur on softer surfaces during Phase I
- Non-impact activity on off days
- Goal is to increase mileage and then increase pace; avoid increasing two variables at once
- 10% rule: no more than 10% increase in mileage per week
Agility and Plyometric Program

This program is designed as a guide for clinicians and patients through a progressive series of agility and plyometric exercises to promote successful return to sport and reduce injury risk. Patients should demonstrate > 80% on the Functional Assessment prior to initiating this program. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

**PHASE I: ANTERIOR PROGRESSION**

| Rehabilitation Goals | • Safely recondition the knee  
|                      | • Provide a logical sequence of progressive drills for pre-sports conditioning |
| Agility              | • Forward run  
|                      | • Backward run  
|                      | • Forward lean in to a run  
|                      | • Forward run with 3-step deceleration  
|                      | • Figure 8 run  
|                      | • Circle run  
|                      | • Ladder  
| Plyometrics          | • Shuttle press: Double leg → alternating leg → single leg jumps  
|                      | • Double leg:  
|                      | o Jumps on to a box → jump off of a box → jumps on/off box  
|                      | o Forward jumps, forward jump to broad jump  
|                      | o Tuck jumps  
|                      | o Backward/forward hops over line/cone  
|                      | • Single leg (these exercises are challenging and should be considered for more advanced athletes):  
|                      | o Progressive single leg jump tasks  
|                      | o Bounding run  
|                      | o Scissor jumps  
|                      | o Backward/forward hops over line/cone  
| Criteria to Progress | • No increase in pain or swelling  
|                      | • Pain-free during loading activities  
|                      | • Demonstrates proper movement patterns |

**PHASE II: LATERAL PROGRESSION**

| Rehabilitation Goals | • Safely recondition the knee  
|                      | • Provide a logical sequence of progressive drills for the Level 1 sport athlete |
| Agility              | • Side shuffle  
|                      | • Carioca  
|                      | • Crossover steps  
|                      | • Shuttle run  
|                      | • Zig-zag run  
|                      | • Ladder  
| Plyometrics          | • Double leg:  
|                      | o Lateral jumps over line/cone  
|                      | o Lateral tuck jumps over cone  
|                      | • Single leg (these exercises are challenging and should be considered for more advanced athletes):  
|                      | o Lateral jumps over line/cone  
|                      | o Lateral jumps with sport cord  
| Criteria to Progress | • No increase in pain or swelling  
|                      | • Pain-free during loading activities  
|                      | • Demonstrates proper movement patterns |
**PHASE III: MULTI-PLANAR PROGRESSION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rehabilitation Goals</th>
<th>• Challenge the Level 1 sport athlete in preparation for final clearance for return to sport</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Agility *Continue with Phase I-II interventions* | • Box drill  
• Star drill  
• Side shuffle with hurdles |
| Plyometrics *Continue with Phase I-II interventions* | • Box jumps with quick change of direction  
• 90 and 180 degree jumps |
| Criteria to Progress | • Clearance from MD  
• **Functional Assessment**  
  ○ ≥90% contralateral side  
• **Achilles Tendon Rupture Score (ATRS)**  
• **Psych Readiness to Return to Sport (PRRS)** |
## ATRS
(Achilles Tendon Total Rupture Score)

All questions refer to your limitations/difficulties related to your injured Achilles tendon.

Mark with an X in the box which matches your level of limitation!

1. Are you limited due to decreased strength in the calf/Achilles tendon/foot?

   | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

2. Are you limited due to fatigue in the calf/Achilles tendon/foot?

   | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

3. Are you limited due to stiffness in the calf/Achilles tendon/foot?

   | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

4. Are you limited due to pain in the calf/Achilles tendon/foot?

   | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

5. Are you limited during activities of daily living?

   | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

All questions refer to your limitations/difficulties related to your injured Achilles tendon

Mark with an X in the box which matches your level of limitation!

6. Are you limited when walking on uneven surfaces?

   | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

7. Are you limited when walking quickly up the stairs or up a hill?

   | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

8. Are you limited during activities that include running?

   | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

9. Are you limited during activities that include jumping?

   | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

10. Are you limited in performing hard physical labor?

    | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

**Total Score:**
Psychological Readiness to Return to Sport

Patient Name: ___________________________    MRN: ________________

Surgery: ________________________________    Date of Surgery: __________________________

Surgeon: ________________________________

Please rate your confidence to return to your sport on a scale from 0 – 100
Example:  
0 = No confidence at all
50 = Moderate confidence
100 = Complete confidence

1. My overall confidence to play is _____
2. My confidence to play without pain is _____
3. My confidence to give 100% effort is _____
4. My confidence to not concentrate on the injury is _____
5. My confidence in the injured body part to handle demands of the situation is _____
6. My confidence in my skill level/ability is _____

   Total: _____

   Score: _____

Examiner: ________________________________