



"STAY IN SHAPE" Curriculum 2020 – 2021 School Year

A program dedicated to nurturing girls & boys for a lifetime of good health

Charlestown Warren-Prescott School

Clarence R. Edwards Middle School Harvard-Kent Elementary School

Chelsea

Chelsea High School Clark Avenue Middle School Eugene Wright Science & Technology Academy

Revere

Revere High School Rumney Marsh Academy Middle School SIS Summer Mentor Program at MGH Revere Youth Zone

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A Message to Program Lead Teachers

Stay in Shape focuses on teaching the evidence-informed knowledge and skills of early prevention and health promotion that can benefit the participated students for a lifetime. The COVID-19 pandemic, tragic as it is, has further demonstrated the relevance of and need for the program. Each of the seven core program learning objectives or skills is repeatedly recommended by health experts across the globe for adults and children to apply to their daily life to stay safe, healthy, and resilient during the pandemic. We are proud of the fact that Stay in Shape is ahead of the curve in prevention, as the program has been serving schools in the MGH Health Center-served communities of Charlestown, Chelsea, and Revere for more than 20 years!

We at <u>MGH Community Health Associates</u> are grateful for the opportunity to work with you in delivering the Stay in Shape Program to your students. We believe that, through our joint effort, we can make a difference in students' lives and our communities.

We invite you to a <u>podcast about Stay in Shape</u>, hosted and produced by the <u>MGH Clay Center</u> for Young Healthy Mind before you move on to the next section.

- Parental Consent
 - Please collect Parental Consent during your recruitment **or** on the first day of the program.
 - Be sure to review Food Allergies in the Consent once it is returned to you, especially if you plan to bring snacks to the program. Follow the school food policy when planning for any other tasting activities.
 - Review any medical conditions including **food allergies** listed in the Consent. Consult the parent and School Nurse if you have questions about how that will affect a student's participation in program activities.
 - Please note: The Parent Letter and Consent Form in 2020-2021 school year notify parents that the program will be offered virtually due to the COVID-19 Pandemic.
- Pre- and Post-Surveys
 - We encourage you to administer the pre- and post-surveys with your students, especially if you are new to having the program.
 - Staff at Stay in Shape can help analyze the surveys you collect and share the results with you. Just let us know.
- Attendance
 - Encourage the participants to stay through the entire program to ensure program quality and effectiveness as consistent attendance is one of the indicators for success.
 - Students who complete the program (defined as having no more than two absences) will receive a special **Stay in Shape Certificate** (To be provided at the end of the program). So please take the attendance as you go and save the records so you can determine which students can receive the Certificate. You can certainly let students know about the Certificate at the beginning of the program to motivate them to stay through.

- Home Assignment
 - Stay in Shape encourages students to complete a home assignment of their choice during the school recess week in spring or fall semester. There are three recommended home assignments included in the curriculum: SIS Weekly Log, Body Image Essay, and Fiber-Up Essay.

• Tips for Teaching, Outreach, and Advocacy

- Help students understand that health is a life-time process for everyone. Without being in good physical, mental, and social health at any stage of life, we cannot accomplish our goals as well or smoothly as we hope for. Striving to stay in good health as defined by Stay in Shape will prove to be the best investment students make for life, especially now as the world is going through the COVID-19 pandemic.
- What students learn from Stay in Shape can help them do the right things through good decision-making and developing everyday health habits in nutrition, physical activity, and stress management.
- Always encourage students to share what they learn from the program with their families and friends. Suggest at the beginning of the program that they talk about Stay in Shape at family dinner time on the same day when they have had a program meeting at school.
- Help students connect all dots reflected in program topics / learning objectives for living a healthy life through session discussion and activities, mid-program and final summaries. *Every program learning objective is not only connected but also interrelated to each other*. For example, good mental health cannot be achieved without eating healthy foods. Help students develop a life-long vision for health as a top priority throughout childhood and adulthood. Based on such an understanding, urge students to practice and sustain the Stay in Shape knowledge and skills from this point on.
- In addition, if you would like to discuss a topic outside of the Stay in Shape Curriculum, so your program can better meet current and evolving health education needs of the students, please let us know. We can arrange a guest speaker to talk with the students about, for example, any of the following topics:
 - What Is A Pandemic? What You can Do to Protect Yourself?
 - Vaping: What You should Know and What You can Do?
 - Bullying: What You should Know and What You can Do?
 - Skin Health: Our Skin, Our Health
 - Careers in Public Health: What Is a Public Health Professional and What Does It Take to Become a Health Professional?

If you have another topic in mind, please reach out to us as well.

• **Once "Stay in Shape", always stay in shape**. Each student's effort counts and makes a difference in improving his or her own health as well as family and community health. Please let us know if you need any assistance during the program: Email: <u>stayinshape@partners.org;</u> phone: 781-485-6477. Thanks!

Parent Letter and Permission Slip

MGH Stay in Shape Program

Name of School:	Date:
Program Lead Teacher(s):	
* * * * * * *	
Dear Parent or Guardian, Your child has signed up to join the <i>MGH Stay in Shap</i> school program in collaboration with your child's school child develop daily healthy-living habits through learning	ol. The program is designed to help your
(Focus on balanced plate, healthy breakfast, and healthy entertainment screen time and social media, stress mana In the current school year, Stay in Shape goes virtual, ju activities, because of the COVID-19 pandemic.	y drinks for youth), healthy limit to agement, and sleep hygiene for youth.
Program start and finish dates:	_ Virtual meeting time:
Please fill out the Parent Permission Slip below for y Please return the signed slip to the program lead teacher Thank you very much for your support!	
For more information about the program and teaching r Please reach out to <u>stayinshape@partners.org</u> or 781-48 Thank you.	
* * * * * * *	
I have read this letter and understood its content. I give Stay in Shape virtually by signing my name below:	e permission for my child to participate in
Parent/Guardian Name (Please print):	
Parent/Guardian Signature:	
Emergency Phone:	
Date:	

Thank you again!

Carta de los Padres y Hoja de Permiso MGH Programa *Stay in Shape*

Nombre de la Escuela:	Fecha:
Profesora principal del programa:	
* * * * * * *	
Estimado padre(s)/tutor(es),	
para ayudar a su hijo a desarrollar hábitos de v conocimientos y habilidades en nutrición (enfo bebidas saludables para los jóvenes), límite sa la pantalla y las redes sociales, manejo del estr	la escuela de su hijo. El programa está diseñado vida saludables diarios a través del aprendizaje de oque en un plato balanceado, desayuno saludable y ludable para el tiempo de entretenimiento frente a rés, e higiene del sueño para los jóvenes. lve virtual, al igual que las actividades escolares
Fechas de inicio y finalización del programa:	
Hora de reunión virtual:	
	res a continuación para que su hijo participe en maestro principal del programa:
	ma y los materiales didácticos, busque en Google: ners.org o 781-485-6477, si tiene alguna pregunta.
* * * * * * *	
He leído esta carta y he entendido su contenid Stay in Shape virtualmente firmando mi nomb	o. Doy permiso para que mi hijo participe en re a continuación:
Nombre del padre / tutor (en letra de imprenta):
Firma del Padre / Tuto	r:
Teléfono de Emergencia	a:
Fecha	

¡Gracias de nuevo!

STAY IN SHAPE Pre-Survey

Your School	Today's Date
Your grade	
Your first name	_ (First name only, please)

About the Survey

- The purpose of this survey is to collect information about what you know and do in staying healthy **before** your participation in the Stay in Shape program.
- Your answers to the questions are private. Only people who work for Stay in Shape can see the answers. The results of the survey will be used to improve the program for new participants.

Instructions:

- Please answer every question yourself, based on what you know or do; don't know or don't do
- This is not a test so there is no need to guess the right answer.
- Please feel free to ask the teacher, if you are not clear about any of the questions.

Thank you!

Stay in Shape Pre-Program Survey

	 I am participating in Stay in Shape at Chelsea High School Clark Avenue Middle School Eugene Wright Science & Tech. Academy Clarence R. Edwards Middle School Joseph A. Browne School 	 Revere High School Rumney Marsh Academy Warren-Prescott School Harvard-Kent School MGH Revere Youth Zone
2. 1	My age is B 8-10 or younger 11-13 14-16	□ 17-18 or older
3.]	I am in the Grade.I 5^{th} I 6^{th} I 7^{th} I 8^{th} I 9^{th}	$\Box 10^{\text{th}}$ $\Box 11^{\text{th}}$ $\Box 12^{\text{th}}$
4.]	I am □ African □ African-American □ Asiar	White 🛛 Latino 🖵 Mixed race
5.	On average, I spend hours watching TV an $\Box 0$ hour $\Box 0 - 1$ hour $\Box 1 - 2$ hours \Box	
6.]	Daily stress, if poorly managed, can make people True Not true I don't know	9 ill.
7.]	I do deep breathing exercises to relax and control Yes No	my daily p\stress.
8.	 "5 - 9 A Day" in nutrition education means Eat 5-9 servings of bread or rice a day Eat 5-9 servings of fruits and vegetables a da I don't know 	 Eat 5-9 small meals a day Eat 5 small meals and 4 snacks a day
9.	I eat at least 5 servings of fruit and vegetables er Yes No	very day.
10.	I read Nutrition Facts (Food Labels). □ always □ sometimes □ once in a while	e 🗖 never
11.	How many times did you skip breakfast in the p I did not skip I 1-3 times I More th	
12.	I spend 60 minutes on physical activities every o □ Yes □ No	lay.
13.	On average, how many hours of sleep do you ge 9-10 hours	t a night these days? Less than 5 hours
14.	How confident are you in living a healthy life (N being physically active, and do activities such as Very confident Confident Somew	
15.	What do you want to learn from Stay in Shape	

Program Goal and Objectives

Stay in Shape strives to provide an opportunity of high-quality health education for students to learn and develop positive and lifelong health habits through not only awareness and knowledge but also action on the following seven core learning objectives:

At the end of the program, students will have learned to ...

- 1) Eat enough fruits and vegetables up to a total of 5 or more servings a day
- 2) Eat a healthy breakfast every day;
- 3) Understand and always check the Food Labels in order to make healthier food choices;
- 4) Limit entertainment TV and other screen time to no more than 2 hours a day;
- 5) Spend at least 60 minutes being physically active every day;
- 6) Breathe deeply to relax or engage in relaxing activities regularly to control daily stress; and
- 7) Get a good night's sleep every day Aim for 9 to 10 hours in each 24-hour cycle

Through discussing the seven objectives with students in a warm and connected way, we hope that the program and your effort can help shape students' health belief system and, more importantly, will motivate them to prioritize and invest in their personal health at every stage of their life. Here are a few points which you can communicate to students to reach this deep goal of the program:

- Health is a life-long process that requires long-term attention and self-care. This begins with developing and following through good habits, the very basic ones being promoted at Stay in Shape.
- Life's other achievements (Dreams, plans, successes ...) will largely depend on good health.
- Health is not just about being free from diseases. It is also about becoming a kind, compassionate, honest, respectful, grateful, and awesome human being.
- Health is a social or collective process. This means that we will be responsible for not only ourselves but also others. As we take good care of ourselves, we must stand up for others at the same time the greater good of our community, country, and the world.

In addition, if you would like to discuss a topic outside of the current Stay in Shape Curriculum at your program to make it better meet the emerging health education needs of students, please let us know. We can arrange a guest speaker to talk with your students about, for example, any of the following topics:

- COVID-19: How Do You Better Protect Yourself and Everyone around You
- Vaping: What you should know and what you can do
- Bullying: Why kids do it, what you should know and can do about it
- Skin Health: Our skin, our health
- Careers in Public Health: What do you want to be when you grow up

If you have other topics in mind, please reach out to us as well: stayinshape@partners.org; 781-485-6477.





Program School:
Program Period:
Start Date:
Finish Date:
Meeting Day(s):
Meeting Room:
-

*Standard Program Weekly Schedule

Week 1	Pre-Surveys, Program Introduction, and Ice Breaker (Small Steps Activity) "60 Minutes A Day" on Being Physically Active Physical Activity of Choice
Week 2	Starting Every Day with a Healthy Breakfast Learning to Read Food Labels (With a learning focus on sugar, fiber, and sodium) Hidden Sugar in Foods and Drinks Physical Activity of Choice
Week 3	Balanced Plate / My Plate with Plenty of Fruits and Vegetables Healthy Drinks for Youth Physical Activity of Choice
Week 4	The 3S Challenge of Living a Healthy Life: Stress, Screen Time, and Sleep Understanding Stress Learning to Take a Deep Breath to Relax Physical Activity of Choice
Week 5	Taking Another Deep Breath to Relax Learning More about Stress and Relaxation Mid-Program Summary and home assignment for school recess week Physical Activity of Choice
School Recess Week	Stay in Shape Home Assignment of Student Choice
Week 6	Entertainment Screen Time: Less Is Better for Your Health Taking More Deep Breaths to Relax Physical Activity of Choice
Week 7	Sleep Well Breathe Deeply to Relax Physical Activity of Choice
Week 8	Summary of Nutrition Education: Best Foods for the Heart, Skin, Hair, and Nails Breathe Deeply to Relax Physical Activity of Choice
Week 9	Program Summary and Completion Post-Surveys
Week 10	Congratulations and Awards Once in "Stay in Shape", Always Stay in Shape: A Conversation about Living A Healthy Life after the Program

*Please reach out to MGH Program Manager or email <u>stayinshape@partners.org</u> for help with making your program weekly schedule.

Program Opening Session: Welcome & Introduction

Session Goal

To get to know each other and all about the program - goals and objectives

Teaching Points

Pre-Program Survey Program Goals and Objectives Weekly Schedule (Activities) Attendance and Participation Credit Recovery for Chelsea High School participants MGH Program Completion Certificate for participants with good attendance track record Personal Safety

Activities

Pre-Survey

Please administer pre-survey before making the program introduction It is important to explain survey purpose and confidentiality to students. Please remind students to fill out the cover sheet and encourage them to answer all questions – They do have the right to skip.

Introduction: Program Goal and Objectives

To provide an opportunity of high-quality health education for the participants to learn and develop positive and lifelong healthy habits through not only awareness but also action on the seven core learning objectives described below:

At the end of the program, we expect students to improve in each of the seven intervention areas.

- 1) Eat more fruits and vegetables up to a total of 5 or more servings a day through understanding and practicing MyPlate (Balanced Plate);
- 2) Eat a healthy breakfast every day;
- 3) Understand and always read the Food Labels in order to make healthier food choices;
- 4) Reduce TV and other entertainment screen time to no more than 2 hours a day;
- 5) Spend at least 60 minutes being physically active every day;
- 6) Practice deep breathing regularly as an evidence-based tool to control daily stress; and
- 7) Get a good night's sleep Aim for 9 to 10 hours a night.

Weekly Schedule

Please review the program weekly schedule with students.

If possible, please give a copy of the schedule to each student and encourage everyone to take it home and share with family members.

Attendance & Participation – Please encourage students to:

Be punctual: Arrive at the program meeting on time.

Be consistent: Stay through each session and the entire program.

Be engaged: Active listening and participation. Ask questions.

Be respectful: Treat everyone in the program the same as you want to be treated with full respect.

Be ready: Be willing to change and improve and reach this goal by taking small steps toward living a healthy life during and after the program.

Be an advocate: Spread the Stay in Shape messages (Recommendations for living a healthy life) at home, school, and in the community.

Academic credits: Students at Chelsea High School may be able to receive academic recovery credits for health and gym classes for completing the program. Please check in with MGH Program Manager for updates.

Personal Safety

Always follow instructions, especially during fitness activities. Wear comfortable clothes and shoes. Take water breaks. Get home safely after the program.

Student Handout:

Weekly Schedule

You can contact MGH Program Manager for help with creating a weekly schedule for your program, <u>stayinshape@partners.org</u>, 781-485-6477.

Please distribute your program Weekly Schedule to students so they have a clear idea of the topics, learning objectives, and activities. Please encourage students to share the schedule with their family members.

Program Contact Information: Email: <u>stayinshape@partners.org</u> Phone: 781-485-6477



Health Education

Health Education

Ice Breaker: Small Steps to Health

Session Goal

This is an activity to go with Program Introduction or at any time in the first two weeks of the program. The goal is to let students see a list of small steps and how they can apply to building a healthier lifestyle in daily nutrition and physical activity over time.

Teaching Points

Help students understand the notion of healthy lifestyle – at Stay in Shape, we define it as having all these three components in place as a starting point: eat well every day, exercise regularly, and engage in effective stress management through practicing deep breathing techniques.

Suggested Activities

Ask students to ...

- Help describe healthy lifestyle in their own words and what it means to them.
- Create a list of small steps they want to commit to doing in daily life, starting now.
- Give examples of small steps that cover the three components and explain their values:
 - Take a few deep breaths while waiting for a class to begin.
 - Before playing a computer game, plan to do a few jumping jacks before sitting down or after sitting for 30 minutes – Make sure that you stick to the plan.
 - Instead of drinking a glass of orange juice, try eating a whole orange that has much less sugar.
- Encourage students to start trying out their favorite small steps for the next ten weeks and beyond.

Summary: When we start to take small steps to live a healthy life throughout the day, we can feel happy and proud of ourselves. Small steps count, as they show our commitment to and effort in taking responsibility for improving personal and community health!

Student Activity Sheet

Small Steps to Increase Daily Physical Activity

Small steps to increasing daily physical activity and other daily health habits

Many of you love to play sports. Some of you are on your school sports teams, so you train regularly. That is wonderful! Daily physical activity, and other health habits, is very important for your health and happiness. The recommended daily physical activity time for youth is at least 60 minutes. For those of you who are not at this goal yet, we encourage you to try some of these creative smalls ways to move more. Let's complete this exercise together:

15 ways to help you move more throughout the day:

- 1. Do a quick dance routine with your little sister (or another family member) in the room or outside in your yard.
- 2. Go for a run around the block.
- 3. Suggest to your teacher that you do a few jumps before a class.
- 4. Turn on the music and dance around the house.
- 5. Keep your room nice and tidy by putting things away after each use.
- 6. Help mom and dad do house work often.
- 7. Help to wash your family's car by hand.
- 8. Stretch while waiting for food to get warmed up in the microwave.
- 9. Get up and walk around after sitting for 30 minutes.
- 10. Take the stairs instead of the elevator whenever possible.
- 11. Play with your pet.
- 12. Help with cooking at home regularly washing, chopping, and cleaning.
- 13. Help mom and dad wipe-dry dishes and put them away after dinner.
- 14. Create a small garden of your own in your backyard, plant your favorite things, and attend to them regularly.
- 15. Try tiptoeing when you walk in your house. Do it safely.

What are more ways you can think of to stay physically active throughout the day? You can also come up with creative small ways for improving daily nutrition and stress management:

Set a Healthy Limit to Entertainment Screen Time

Session Goal

To learn harms of spending too much time watching TV and using other types of screens including social media;

To discuss strategies that help limit such screen time to **no more than 2 hours a day**.

Teaching Points

Average daily time spent on entertainment screens among US teens: 7-9 hours. Harms of too much entertainment screen time. Strategies to balance entertainment screen time. More active things to do instead of entertainment screens time. Things to do to offset harms of sitting a long time with entertainment screens. (All listed in Student Handout)

Suggested Activities

Ask students for a reality check of their average daily entertainment screen time (Including TV, cellphone, iPad, and other tablets). Clarify that this does not include screen time for school or study activities in which they must participate, especially during COVID-19 when school goes virtual.

Point out the fact that too much TV watching can increase a person's risk for unhealthy weight gain.

Introduce experts' recommendation of "no more than 2 hours of entertainment screen time a day"

Student Handout

Entertainment Screen Time: Less Is Better for Your Health

Student Activity Sheet

Learn to set a healthy limit to entertainment screen time

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

Screen Time Guidelines for Teens https://kidshealth.org/en/parents/screentime-teens.html

Entertainment Screen Time: Less Is Better for Your Health



Fact: American youth spend an average of 6.7 hours in school on a school day. Yet most of them spend another **7 – 9 hours** on entertainment screens (TV, iPad, iPhone, and other tablets).

More Facts:	Health Risks:	
Average daily time US children spend watching TV: 3+ hours	 Poor eating habits including <i>mindless</i> eating. Many children, adults too, eat while watching TV or using other devices 	
Number of murder scenes seen on TV by the time an average child finishes	 Less time for physical activity Poor body image (thin ideal on TV) 	
elementary school: 8,000	Higher risk for diseases, including	
Number of violent acts seen on TV by age 18: 200,000; number of murder	overweight and obesity, a big risk for diabetes, heart disease, certain types of cancer, and mental health conditions	
scenes: 16,000	 Less time to connect with rest of the family 	
Average weekly TV time:	 Sleepy during the day 	

- Girls: 19 hours 49 minutes Boys: 20 hours 14 minutes
- epy during the day
- Poor focus in class
- Risk for poor body posture

Health experts recommend:

Limit entertainment screen time to no more than 2 hours a day!

Tips for Making a Change:

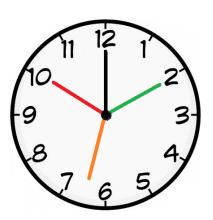
- Set a clear goal of no more than 2 hours a day and stick to it.
- Avoid having a TV set in your bedroom or bring your cell phone, tablet to your bedroom. •
- Try not to watch TV or using another digital device at meal times. •
- Go for other activities like sports & exercises or do stretches while watching TV. •
- Get up and stretch your body during entertainment screen time to offset long sitting time. •
- Make entertainment screen time a special treat, something that you should earn after finishing your homework and exercising.

Handout created by Ranita Rajandram, BU Graduate Student Intern 2004. Updated 12/2/2020.

Activity Sheet Take Control of Your Entertainment Screen and Social Media Time

1. Add up how much entertainment screen and social media time you get on a regular day – Time you spend on playing with your phone, tablet, computer, games console, and watching TV:

____+__+__+__+__+__+__+__+___+____ minutes = _____ hours



Less than the green line (2 hours)? Great job you're not getting too much screen time. Up to the orange line (6 hours)? You're spending as much time on screens as you do in school.

More than the red line (10 hours)? This is longer than you spend asleep!

2. List a few fun things you can think of doing instead of screen or social media time:

3. Having less screen time has lots of benefits. Circle those you feel most excited about and add more benefits you think of:

More time to spend with friends	Less stress and anxiety	Better body image
	More time for sports	Eat less unhealthy food
Have more energy		
	Concentrate better in school	Do more things
Better sleep		that matter

More benefits you can think of:

Activity sheet developed by Charlotte Cuddihy, Health Education Student Intern from Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, 2017-2018. Updated 12/9/20.

Health Education

Stress and Relaxation Part 1

Session Goal

To learn the concepts of stress and relaxation and how they are related to personal health To introduce Relaxation Response and learn to build relaxation skills through deep breathing exercises

Teaching Points

Facts about stress: Everyone has stress from time to time. Stress is the body's natural response to danger or any other types of threat. Not all stress is bad for us. At Stay in Shape, we discuss the kind of stress that can do harm to health and need to be managed well. Visit <u>https://medlineplus.gov/stress.html</u> for more information about stress.

Definition of Relaxation Response (RR):

Pioneered by Dr. Herb Benson, MD at <u>MGH Benson-Henry Institute of Mind Body</u> <u>Medicine</u>, Relaxation Response is a physical state of deep relaxation achievable through skills such as deep breathing. RR has many values for disease prevention and management because it can help reduce blood pressure, lower metabolism, slow down pace of breathing and heart rates.

Chronic or long-term stress is a real and serious risk for a long list of diseases. Stress management is one of the most important things to do to live a healthy life. Value of living a healthy life: preventing or delaying diseases; achieving goals in life; improving quality of like; increasing years of quality life, not just years of life.

Suggested Activities

Ask students to help define stress and sources of daily stress – where stress comes from or what makes them feel stressful; find out what they currently do to manage daily stress. Then ask students to name diseases that can be caused by chronic stress, if they know. Introduce deep breathing skills: Engage the belly in breathing deeply; recognize thoughts that come in and gently let them pass by repeating a word (e.g. Love, peace etc.) or numbers during the process. Allow 3-5 minutes for students to try and enjoy deep breathing – Play light music if it helps them focus.

Organize BioDots Activity. You can email <u>stayinshape@partners.org</u> or call 781-485-6477 to receive biodots for this activity. Organize Faces of Stress Activity

Student Handouts

BioDots Activity: "Colors" of Stress and Relaxation Faces / Signs of Stress Signs of Stress and Positive Coping Skills

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

Stress www.kidshealth.org/teen/your_mind/emotions/stress.html

Self-Care in Middle School by MGH Clay Center for Healthy Young Minds (Video length 6:07 min) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KSXXYH4pWfs&feature=youtu.be

Self-Care in High School by MGH Clay Center for Healthy Young Minds (Video length 6:45 min) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gEHPTjMv4F0&feature=youtu.be

Mindfulness to Teenagers: 5 Ways to Get Started https://www.huffpost.com/entry/teaching-mindfulness-to-teenagers_b_5696247 Student Handout

BioDot Activity: "Colors" of Stress and Relaxation

What is a BioDot?

A biodot is a small heat-sensitive dot you can put on your skin. The dot changes color when your skin changes temperature.

How to use a BioDot?

You can put it on other spots of your hand too.

How to read a BioDot?

Check the color of your biodot after your relaxation activity:

Color	It Means	Skin Temperature
Purple	Very relaxed	94.6
Blue	Calm	93.6
Green	Stressed	91.6
Orange	More stressed	89.6
Black	Very stressed	87.0

Please note: This BioDot activity is meant to be a fun way for you to learn about stress and relaxation. As far as we know, there has been no strong science behind the temperature readings for showing the body's stress level.

Handout updated 12/10/2020.



Activity Sheet

Faces of Stress

Stress can be a hard and often uncomfortable feeling to go through. It can happen when we lose confidence in our ability to cope with a difficult situation, like loss of a loved one including a pet, an illness, an upcoming test at school, and many other situations.

- Draw faces of stress or write down signs of stress in the chart below.
- If you choose to draw, please visit <u>https://www.gograph.com/vector-clip-art/stressed-out.html</u> or Google "cartoon faces of stress" for an idea of how to draw faces of stress.

Draw: Face of Stress	Draw: Face of Stress	Draw: Face of Stress
Write: Sign of Stress	Write: Sign of Stress	Write: Sign of Stress

• What can you do to balance your daily life well? How do you keep stress down so it does not get in your way of living a healthy life? Write down a 1-2 goals or strategies:

For example: Starting this Saturday I will do a 10-minute deep breathing activity at least 3 times a week.

Updated 12/10/2020.

You can Learn Coping Skills to Control Stress

Signs of Stress

All human beings have stress sometimes. For students, it might be before a final exam or during studies. What causes stress for you may not be stressful for someone else. Sometimes stress is helpful – It pushes you to get things done to meet a deadline. But long-term stress can increase the risk of diseases like high blood pressure, anxiety, depression, heart disease and a long list of other physical and mental health problems. Common signs of stress can include but not limited to:

Anger and moodiness Worry does not empty Back pain, head and body aches tomorrow of its sorrow; Being touchy it empties today Difficulty with concentration of its strength. Dry mouth and throat --Corrie Ten Boom Feeling out of control Low self-esteem and worry a lot Nausea and abdominal pain Overeating, craving for unhealthy food, like sweets that give short-lived "feeling-good" Skin problems like breakout of acnes Difficulty falling and staying asleep

You can Control Stress and Train Your Mindfulness

- Get up and get moving! Exercise helps reduce stress according to research.
- Breathe deeply, as you have just learned from Stay in Shape.
- Tell someone you trust or write down your feelings.
- Practice mindfulness. Try this: Choose a piece of music you love and have heard many times before. Listen to it again but in a way you never have before.
- For every negative thought, find two positive ones to be on the winning side.
- Learn to accept things that are not perfect by looking at it in a different way.
- Break large tasks into smaller ones. Plan breaks into your busy study schedule. Don't hesitate to take more breaks during stressful times to help your mind focus.
- Stay away from caffeine, alcohol, illegal drugs and smoking / vaping none of them helps!
- Give each of the above suggestions more thoughts, so you understand their benefits and will make a plan to try a few activities, especially deep breathing.
- Be more willing to use your coping skills to control daily stress. Instead of fighting with stress head-on, give yourself an opportunity to face it. The goal is to control stress in a healthy, effective way and feel great!

When these activities do not help you relax and you continue to feel down, it is very important for you to reach out to your parents and doctor. There is lots of help out there if you take action.

Adapted from MGH Revere iFit! Program Curriculum. Updated 12/14/2020.



Health Education

Sleep Well

Session Goal

To learn health risks of not having enough sleep or not sleeping well To understand the recommended hours of sleep for teens and children

Teaching Points

Getting enough sleep is as important for the body as eating right, exercising, and practicing mindfulness / relaxation. Poor sleep is linked to many health problems -- from catching a cold, developing high blood pressure, diabetes, mental health conditions to putting on unhealthy weight.

Risks and dangers of poor sleep

Power and magic of a good night's sleep: healing the body, repair damages, and recharge energy Experts' recommendation on hours of sleep for kids and teens: 9 - 10 hours per night Strategies for reaching your sleep goal.

Connect all dots: Understand that nutrition, exercise, and stress management all play a role in a good night's sleep

Suggested Activities

Ask students about their current pattern of sleep and identity barriers to getting enough sleep Discuss the goal of getting 9-10 hours of sleep a day Discuss time management, putting a limit to entertainment screen time / social media Set sleep up as a top priority every night

Student Handout

Sleep Well! You Are Worth It!

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

5 Ideas for Better Sleep www.kidshealth.org/teen/your_body/take_care/tips_sleep.html

Is It Okay to Sleep 11 hours on Weekends and 5-6 on Weekdays? https://kidshealth.org/en/teens/sleeping-in.html

Common Sleep Problems

www.kidshealth.org/teen/your_body/take_care/sleep.html

Music for sleep, stress reduction, and study https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qFZKK7K52uQ; https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=erYQyGHC7fQ

SLEEP WELL! You Are Worth It!



About 58 percent of middle school students and 73 percent of high school students report not getting enough sleep on an average school night. Some of them sleep less than 5 hours a night. (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention)

Signs of Not Enough Sleep

- Difficulty waking up in the morning
- Unable to concentrate during the day
- Falling asleep in class
- Feeling tired, moody, stressed, anxious, and even depressed

Risks of Not Getting Enough Sleep

- Limit your ability to learn, listen, concentrate, and remember
- Weaken your body's defense against health problems, big like heart diseases and small like pimples or acne, colds, and the Flu
- Make you eat too much or crave for unhealthy foods, a risk for unhealthy weight gain or Make it much harder to maintain a healthy body weight
- Can put you at risk for many mental health conditions and problem behaviors

Child health experts say teens need more sleep.

Sleep goal for teens: 9-10 hours per night

Age	Recommended Amount of Sleep
Newborns	16-18 hours a day
Preschool-aged children	11-12 hours a day
School-aged children	At least 10 hours a day
Teens	9–10 hours a day
Adults (including the elderly)	7-8 hours a day

(Centers for Disease Control and Prevention)

Good night, sleep tight!

Helpful Tips

- Organize your daily life to prioritize sleep. Make it a **top priority every night**!
- Eat healthy and balanced meals every day; avoid eating 2 hours before your bed time. Try not to drink coffee, tea, and soda late in the day. Caffeine in these drinks may be why you can't sleep.
- Make the same bed and wake time for yourself and keep it up throughout the week.
- Keep screen time at healthy limit and avoid it 2 hours before your bed time.
- Practice relaxation skills. A relaxed mind and body help improve your sleep efficiency - fall asleep quicker and stay asleep during the night.
- Be physically active. Exercise helps.
- You can't fake awake no pills can replace a natural, good night's sleep.

Sources: <u>www.cdc.gov/sleep/; www.kidshealth.org/en/teens/how-much-sleep.html; www.aap.org</u> Handout originally developed by Ranita Rajandram, BU Graduate student Intern 2006. Updated 11/5/2020.

Activity Sheet – Sleep Hygiene

Circle any picture below that you think might make it hard for the person in this bed to get to sleep:



How could you fix things to help the person sleep better?

Figure out when you have to go to bed with this easy trick: Take the time you have to get up to be ready for school and count back 10 hours.

Time for me to get up _____, count back 10 hours, my bedtime is _____.

Getting enough sleep has lots of benefits: Circle which one you most want to get or add an idea of your own:

Easier to eat healthy More energy Easier to learn

Fewer colds or Flu Fewer skin pimples Better Mood

Add an idea of benefit	
you think of:	

Activity sheet developed by Charlotte Cuddihy, Health Education Student Intern from Harvard T. H. Chan School of Public Health, 2017-2018. Updated 12/9/2020.

Health Education

Stress and Relaxation Part 2: Deep Breathing Technique and Practice

Session Goal

To learn to relax through deep breathing and make it a way of life!

Teaching Points

Review stress Relaxation Uncontrolled tress as a significant risk factor for a long list of diseases Stress management as one of the three most important components of a healthy lifestyle Value of a healthy lifestyle: Delaying and preventing diseases Deep breathing skills

Suggested Activities

Sit back and relax: Organize a practice session of breathing skills, using the script provided to guide the participants in the practice Play music for the practice to help students focus Wrap up session by recapping the importance of stress management as one of the most important components of a healthy lifestyle

Student Handout

Relax so you can use your mind in the very special way

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

Self-Care in Middle school by MGH Clay Center for Healthy Young Minds (Video length 6:07 min) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KSXXYH4pWfs&feature=youtu.be</u>

Self-Care in High School by MGH Clay Center for Healthy Young Minds (Video length 6:45 min) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gEHPTjMv4F0&feature=youtu.be

Student Handout

Understanding Stress and Relaxation

Stress

- Stress is a real health concern even before the COVID-19 pandemic. Today more and more adults and children are feeling stressed out because of existing worries plus worry about the pandemic.
- Too much stress over time can take a terrible toll on your body, mind, and soul. It puts you at a higher risk for catching diseases.

To live a healthy life, you need to control your daily stress well– This is just as important as eating healthy, staying physically active, and sleeping well at night.

- Stress can sometimes make you become more organized and creative. For example, Feeling stressed can push you to get your school work done well and on time.
- You can make use of your stress experience and make something good out of it. This means that you recognize stress and know that you can control stress, feel relaxed, and become resilient.

Relaxation

- Everyone should and can relax. Relaxation through deep breathing (Or other activities you like to do), when you do it regularly, can help you feel great, healthy and strong.
- Relax your mind and body through deep breathing is a simple skill and an easy way to control daily stress. It works for people of all ages.
- It is easy to do a **deep breathing** exercise. Just follow these 3 simple steps:
 - Breathe through your belly. Breathe in slowly through your nose (Feel that your belly rise), then breathe out slowly through your mouth (Feel that your belly goes down). Continue to breathe this way for a few minutes.
 - 2. Silently repeat a word, a phrase, or a number (e.g. Love, Peace, 1, 2...) to help you focus.
 - 3. Whenever a thought comes in, simply notice that thought by saying "Oh Well" silently, let it pass, and return to your breathing.

More Tips on Deep Breathing

- Turn down the light in your room. Sit comfortably and with your back straight in a chair or on the floor, close your eyes or make a soft gaze at a spot. Again, the idea is to help you focus on breathing.
- Breathe in (through your nose) and out (through your mouth) slowly at the pace of 1...2...3...4 and 4... 3...2...1.
- Relax your muscles one part of the body at a time from your toes to your feet, ankles, legs, thighs, abdomen, (tummy), back, shoulders, neck, and head, or do it the other way around.
- Do not worry about how well you do. Allow relaxation to happen as you go. There is a big difference between allowing it to happen and working hard to make it happen.
- For best results, do this kind of deep breathing once or twice daily for 10-15 minutes each time. Any time of the day is good, except right after a meal.

Based on Clinical Training in Mind/Body Medicine, Harvard Medical School, June 2006. Updated 12/9/2020.



Practice: A Gift of Relaxation and Gratitude (Instructor Sheet)

<u>Tips for the instructor</u>: The music CD: "Smooth Running Water" runs 7 minutes (Contact <u>stayinshape@partners.org</u> or call 78-485-6400 to get a copy of the CD). The script below takes less time. You can simply play the CD and allow the students to enjoy it at the beginning, in the middle, or at the end of your guided reading of the script. Read it *very slowly* to help everyone better focus on breathing.

Start by taking three deep cleansing breathes. Breathe in, and whoosh, push all that air out. Breathe in as deep as you can and whoosh, breathe all that air out. Breathe in ... Breathe out.

Take in another deep breath.... and say "I'm so grateful for..." as you breathe out. Breathe in fresh air, breathe out your gratitude.

Breathe in fresh air. Feel the cool air in your nose and down to your throat. Breathe out repeating, "I'm so grateful for . . . (End the sentence with whom and what you feel grateful for)" and release your gratefulness into the world.

Breathe in ... and breathe out ... (Allow a longer pause here to just let everyone enjoy their breathing at their own pace)

Now take three final deep breaths, imagine this time that when you breathe in, you are feeling all the gratitude you have and put it into the world as you breathe out.

Feel the warmth around you. Enjoy this feeling of gratitude. Hold on to this gift of relaxation as you go through the day ...

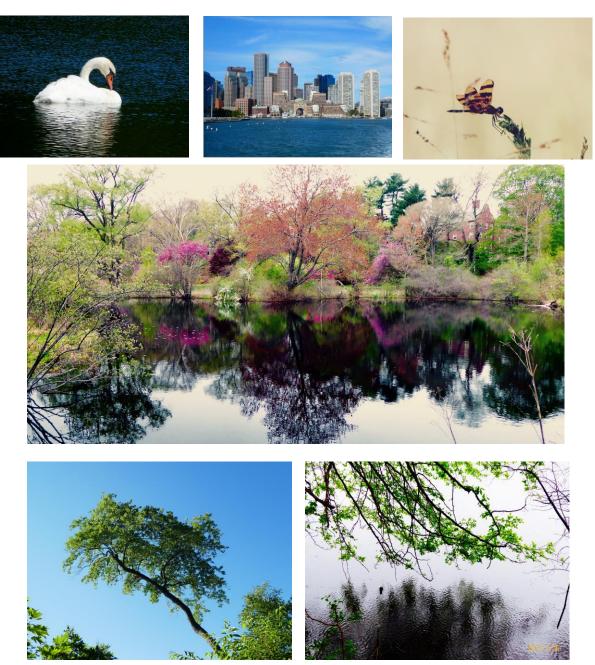
Thank you.

<u>Summary</u>: When you are relaxed and calm, you can use your mind in the very special way. Breathe to relax and live well!

(This script is adapted from a guided gratitude meditation at www.mystrength.com)

Breathe Deeply to Relax

You are surrounded by natural beauties all the time. Look at the pictures or close your eyes to imagine that you are at a beautiful place right now. Begin to take in a deep and slow breath through your mouth and let it out slowly through your nose. You can count 1, 2, 3, 4 with your in-breath and 4, 3, 2, 1 with your out-breath, slowly. Do this activity for 5 minutes. Deep breathing is effective and fun to do. We hope you will make a daily habit out of it.



Remember: When you are relaxed, you can use your mind in the very special way.

Health Education Summary of Health Education Topics

Session Goal

To summarize all topics discussed in Health Education, especially those closely related to the program's teaching/learning objectives:

TV / Entertainment Screen Time – Limit to no more than 2 hours day. *Please make sure the students have learned the correct message: The recommendation is to limit entertainment and social media screen time to no more 2 hours a day if he / she spends more than this amount of time; it is NOT to ask them to spend 2 hours on entertainment screens every day. Stress, relaxation, and deep breathing skills Sleep hygiene with the goal of sleeping 9-10 hours

Suggested Activities

Review knowledge and skills learned so far

Organize students to share their personal stories of if and how they have met the challenge of making a positive change in daily nutrition, screen time, sleep, and stress management – what happened and how they did it, or haven't done it.

Encourage students to continue to not only retain but also practice what they learned.

Ask students if they have shared what they learned from Stay in Shape with family members and friends. Encourage them to continue to share about Stay in Shape going forward.

Remind students that they can include their Stay in Shape experience in college or job applications in near future. All students, if they complete the program with acceptable attendance, will receive the Stay in Shape Certificate. Encourage students to save this record and use it in support of their college and job application.



Nutrition Education

Nutrition Education

We Are What We Eat - The Right Attitude about Food, Eating, and Our Body

Session Goal

To learn to build healthy eating habits based on an understanding of the right attitude About food, eating, and body image

Teaching Points

Provide or create a definition for "Right Attitudes" - Enjoy food and eating; eat for healthy growth of the body and mind; eat a balanced diet with a variety of healthy foods; avoid eating unhealthy fats, high sodium (Salt), and added sugar (All to be discussed in depth in subsequent nutrition education topics included in the curriculum). Practice portion control and mindful eating.

Comfort or emotional eating, especially eating unhealthy foods, is not smart. It does not work in controlling daily stress or improving mood at all over time.

Media images of super models are never real.

Suggested Activities

Ask students to help define "Right Attitude" Discuss students' views or comments about food, eating, their body and mind

Student Handout

The Right Attitude about Food, Eating, and Our Body

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

Take Charge of Your Health: A Guide for Teenagers www.win.niddk.nih.gov/publications/take_charge.htm

Dr. Lilian Cheung's Video on Mindful Eating, Harvard T. H. Chan School of Public Health www.youtube.com/watch?v=Emd9q6_06Z0

Student Handout The Right Attitude about Food, Eating, and Your Body

- Be proud of the fact that we all come in different shapes and sizes. Try not to compare yourself
 to the models and actresses in magazines, social media or on TV. Change your negative
 thoughts about your body by talking about or writing down all nice qualities you have and how
 much you like about yourself. Make friends with people who have a healthy attitude about
 food, weight, and the body.
- Remember that food is only your body's fuel like gas for cars. Try not to fall for emotional eating.
- Choose one entire food group over another is not smart. You will miss out on important nutrients your body needs. Balanced Plate means in part that you eat different kinds of food. Variety matters, so practice Balanced Plate.
- Start your day with a healthy breakfast. Your body and brain need nutrients that help you do well in school in the morning. Skipping breakfast can make you eat more and faster at the next meal time. This can make staying at a healthy weight harder.
- Cut back on drinking juice to just 1 small glass a day, if you like juice. Go easy on other sugary drinks and sports drinks. Water is a healthy drink for people of all ages. Drink plenty of water throughout the day.
- All foods can fit in with healthy eating. It is up to you to balance it well. There is nothing wrong with treating yourself to something special if you do it only once in a while.
- Never be fooled by fad diets like weight loss pills or other quick "fixes" they do not work for most people long-term.
- Try and get your hands on food shopping and cooking. Enjoy making and eating family meals at home.
- Practice the skills about smart portion control, which you have learned or will learn more in the program.
- Eat mindfully Take your time, notice food's color, texture, taste, and don't forget to chew each mouthful thoroughly. Eat for enjoyment, happiness, and health!
- Be physically active your way Remember your goal is to achieve an average of one hour of exercise every day. It is a fact that regular physical activity helps us eat better, control stress better, and sleep better!

Handout created by Jennifer M. Vetree, MS, RD, LDN, <u>MGH Department of Nutrition and Food Services</u>, 2008. Updated 12/11/2020.

Nutrition Education

My Balanced Plate: Include Enough Fruits and Vegetables in Your Diet

Session Goal

To learn the important role fruits and vegetables play in personal nutrition Expert recommendation: Eat 5-9 combined servings of fruits and vegetables a day

Teaching Points

One serving size of fresh fruit: One medium apple, banana, orange, pear ... One serving size of fresh vegetable: 1-2 cups depending on if it is raw or cooked Nutrients in fruits and vegetables Health benefits of eating enough fruits and vegetables

Suggested Activities

Ask students if they are currently at the goal of eating enough fruit and vegetables Explain the many benefits of fruits and vegetables Circulate My Pyramid Mini Poster Give examples of serving sizes for fruits and vegetables

Student Handouts

What's in Them - Fruits & Vegetables - for Us?

The Five Food Groups www.fns.usda.gov/sites/default/files/tn/dmp_tgfive.pdf

My Plate My Wins: Make It Yours www.choosemyplate.gov/downloads/mini_poster_English_final.pdf

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

What Foods Are in the Vegetable Group? www.choosemyplate.gov/food-groups/vegetables.html

What Foods Are in the Fruit Group? www.choosemyplate.gov/fruit

Teen Nutrition: Making Healthy Food Choices Easy www.thenationshealth.aphapublications.org/site/healthyyou/HealthyYouTeenNutrition.pdf Spanish version: www.thenationshealth.aphapublications.org/site/healthyyou/HealthyYouTeenNutritionSP.pdf Student Handout

What's in Them - Fruits & Vegetables - for Us?

Color, Texture, and Taste

Fruits and veggies bring natural color, texture, and taste to your plate. They are loaded with nutrients our body needs to stay healthy. They are certainly good food choices for people of all ages to enjoy.

Low in Calories

Fruits and veggies are naturally low in calories.

Convenience

Fruits and veggies come in fresh, frozen, canned, and dried forms, so they're ready when you are!

Fiber

Fruits and veggies are rich in fiber. Fiber helps you feel full longer. Fiber also keeps your digestive system healthy and happy.

Vitamins & Minerals

Fruits and veggies are rich in vitamins and minerals that help you feel healthy and energized.

Variety

There are a lot of different fruits and veggies around the world. There is always something new to try!

Quick, Natural Snack

Many of us like to eat a snack between meals. Fresh fruits and veggies are nature's treats and easy to grab for a snack. They are much better snack choices than processed foods.

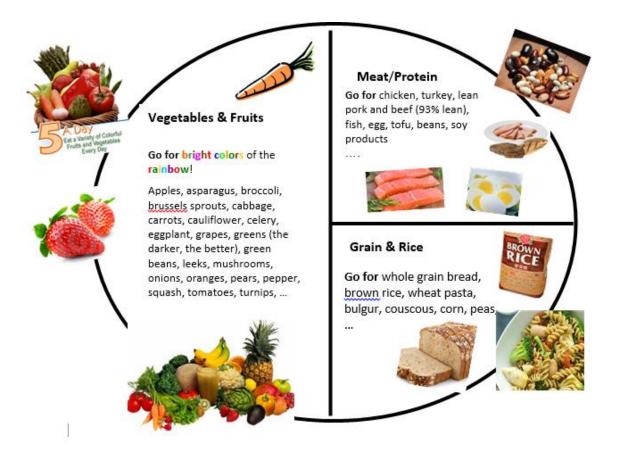
Fun to Eat and Fun to Grow

Some crunch, some squirt, some you peel ... and some you can grow right in your own backyard or your school's garden!

Updated 12/11/2020.

Student Handout

My Balanced Plate



Divide your plate into 3 compartments like the picture above. The largest compartment (or half a plate) is for fruits and vegetables. One of the smaller compartments (a quarter of a plate) should have protein-rich foods like fish, lean meat, beans and nuts, and eggs. The other quarter plate is for foods in the grain and rice group. You are much better off to choose foods with more fiber from this group, such as whole-wheat or multi-grain bread, pasta, and brown rice. My Plate is a well-balanced plate. It also means ...

- Eat from all five food groups Variety matters.
- Eat in small portions Practice portion control.
- Eat slowly and enjoy the food practice mindful eating.
- Eat happily for a healthy body, smart brain, and resiliant mind!

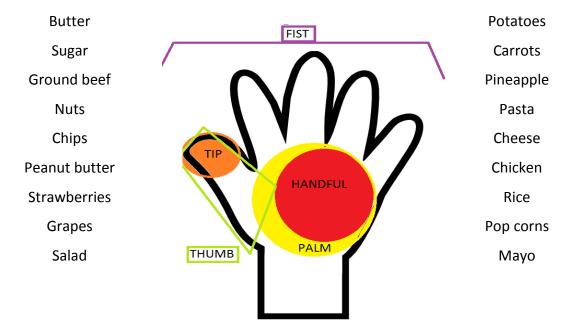
Updated 12/22/2020.

A Guide to Eating in Small Portions

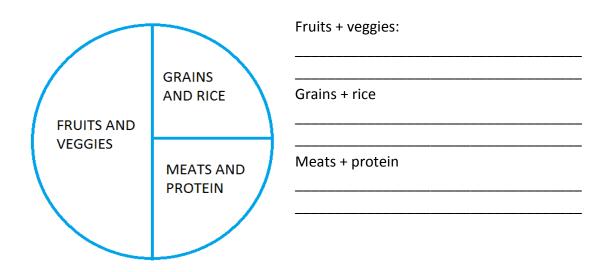
Remember: Portion control is part of mindful eating.

Hand Symbol	Equivalent	Foods	Calories
	Fist 1 cup	Rice, pasta Fruit Veggies	200 75 40
	Palm 3 ounces	Meat Fish Poultry	160 160 160
	Handful 1ounce	Nuts Raisins	170 85
	2 Handfuls 1 ounce	Chips Popcorn Pretzels	150 120 100
	Thumb 1ounce	Peanut butter Hard cheese	170 100
	Thumb tip 1teaspoon	Cooking oil Mayonnaise, butter Sugar	40 35 15

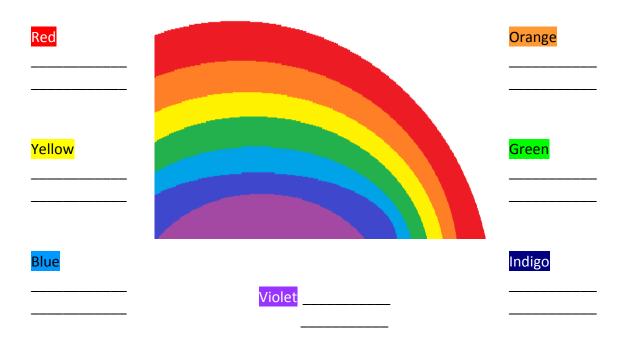
1. Draw a line between the listed foods and the "handy" portion sizes you learned that support healthy eating through better portion control:



2. Write down some of your favorite foods in each part of My Plate:



3. Write the name of a fruit or a veggie for each color of the rainbow:



4. Are the fruits and vegetables you wrote down your favorite to eat? If yes, why? (You can describe color, shape, texture, taste, or nutrition benefits as reasons.)

Activity sheet developed by Charlotte Cuddihy, Health Education Student Intern from Harvard T. H. Chan School of Public Health, 2017-2018. Updated 12/17/2020.

Nutrition Education

Reading Food Labels Part 1

Session Goal

To learn the importance of using Food Labels as a tool for healthy eating To develop skills in reading and understanding Food Labels

Teaching Points

Food Labels are also called Nutrition Facts Labels
Food Labels are based on a 2,000 calories/day diet. In real life, caloric needs are different from person to person.
Nutrition Facts on the label are always for one serving.
The difference between serving and portion sizes:
Serving size: Recommended and used on Food Labels
Portion size: Anyone's call – how much food you decide to put on your plate
Note: In real life, the two terms are sometimes used interchangeably.
Definition of calories: Units of energy

Suggested Activities

Circulate a sample food label (Bring one from home or choose from the pages below) Test participants' prior knowledge and skills of label reading by asking a few basic questions about serving size, fats, sugar, or sodium content Emphasize the importance of knowing the baseline numbers as listed in Teaching Points and tested in Pre- and Post-Surveys Encourage participants to make reading food labels a healthy habit from now on

Student Handouts

Trans Fats: What You should Know

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

What's new with the new Nutrition Facts Label? https://www.fda.gov/food/new-nutrition-facts-label/whats-new-nutrition-facts-label

Trans Fats Video <u>www.youtube.com/watch?v=pp0nc4kY-tc</u>

Get the facts on nutrition by reading your food labels www.thenationshealth.aphapublications.org/site/healthyyou/HealthyYouNutritionFacts.pdf Spanish version: www.thenationshealth.aphapublications.org/site/healthyyou/HealthyYouNutritionSP.pdf

Sodium Reduction Campaign Encourages Healthy Choices among Consumers www.cdc.gov/salt/pdfs/phpsff_massachusetts.pdf

Student Handout

Trans Fats: What You should Know

Facts about trans fats

- Trans fats are artificial fats (partially hydrogenated fats) made of vegetable oil and hydrogen gas.
 1Some fried and baked foods have trans fats.
- Trans fats make foods taste better and last longer. They also provide the desired textures in baked goods. That's why trans fats are a favorite with food makers including restaurants.
- When a Food Label lists "0 trans fat", it does not mean this food is trans fat free. By law, "0" can be listed as long as the food contains less than 0.5 gram of trans fats per serving.
- Americans eat an average of 6 grams of trans fats a day. That's almost 5 lbs a year. Too much to be healthy!

Possible harms of eating trans fats

- Our body can't break down and use tran fats.
- Trans fats lower good cholesterol (HDL) and increase bad cholesterol.
- Eating trans fats put us at risk for high cholesterol, obesity, diabetes, heart diseases, and even cancer.

Check trans fat out in the Food Label

- Seeing words like "0 trans fat" or "Trans fat free" on the Food Label is not enough. Go on to check the section of Ingredients.
- Look for Partially Hydrogenated Fat in Ingredients. If you see it listed, this food item is not trans fat free. Partially Hydrogenated Fat is trans fat. Be smart with making your food choices.

Going for the Healthy Fats

- Unsaturated (Mono- and Poly-unsaturated) fats, such as Omega 3 fats from cold-water oily fish (e.g. Salmon), nuts, and other plant-based foods.
- Our body is naturally very good at breaking down and benefiting from the healthy fats. So it is an excellent idea to eat fish and nuts.
- Be sure to also include plenty of fruits and vegetables in your meals!



Handout developed August 2012. Updated 12/17/2020.

In the Spotlight

Chelsea MA is the first city in the nation to lead local restaurants to go trans fat Free, thanks to the joint effort made by <u>MGH Healthy Chelsea</u> <u>coalition</u>, Chelsea restaurant owners, and <u>City of Chelsea</u>

Nutrition Education

Reading Food Labels Part 2

Session Goal

To learn the importance of using Food Labels as a tool for choosing to eat healthier foods

To develop skills in reading and understanding Food Labels

Teaching Points

Calories, Daily Values (DV), Fats, Protein, Fat-free does not mean calorie-free

Trans Fat: It is the unhealthiest kind of fat. When reading the label, look at the ingredient list for words such as "hydrogenated" or "partially hydrogenated" as they are trans fats. If a product has less than 0.5g of trans fats per serving, it is not against the law for food industry to list it as zero "trans fat or trans fat free".

Compare: Calories from a gram of fat: 9; Calories from a gram of protein: 4 Definition of Daily Values: A guide to the nutrients in one serving of food. For example, if the label lists 15% for calcium, it means that one serving of this food provides 15% of the calcium you need each day.

DV reference ranges: How to understand these ranges (Rules of thumb)? 5% or less: Low or not a significant source of the nutrient or ingredient Between 10% - 15%: Medium 20% or more: A lot, too much or a very significant source of the nutrient or ingredient DV for sugar is not listed on a food label, as there is recommendation for how much sugar a person should eat each day Rule of thumb: When it comes to salt and sugar, less is better. Experts think that less than 10% of the daily calories should come from salt or sugar.

Suggested Activities

Circulate the Student Handouts Have the students do Sugar Shockers Activity Encourage the students to start reading Food Labels from now on and make it a habit

Student Handouts and Activity Sheet

Let's Learn to Read Food Labels: Important information you should always check Food Labels Student Handout: Hidden Sugars Student Activity Sheet: Sugar Shockers

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

The New Nutrition Facts Label <u>https://www.fda.gov/food/nutrition-education-resources-materials/new-nutrition-facts-label</u>

Food Labels <u>www.kidshealth.org</u> (Enter "food labels" in search box)

Fat, Salt and Sugar www.healthychildren.org/English/healthy-living/nutrition/Pages/Fat-Salt-and-Sugar-Not-All-Bad.aspx

How does too much sugar affect your body? https://www.webmd.com/diabetes/features/how-sugar-affects-your-body

Chart: Juice Recommendations by Age (American Academy of Pediatrics) <u>https://www.healthychildren.org/English/healthy-living/nutrition/Pages/Fruit-Juice-and-Your-Childs-Diet.aspx</u>

Student Handout

Let's Learn to Read Food Labels: Important information you should always check - Please keep in mind that information listed on a Food Label is based on a 2,000 calorie diet / day.

Nutrition Facts Serving Size Check the suggested serving size. Use this information to Read Food Labels to make guide you to good portion control informed and healthy choices. Servings per container: Eat in small portions. Check number of servings in the whole container. Tip: Nutrition information on a food label is for 1 serving. If you eat more than 1 serving, remember to multiply. **Calories** Check calories per serving DV: Percent Daily Value *Tips*: *Know the following rules of thumb:* It is a guide to the nutrients in 1 40 calories/per serving: Low in calories serving of food, e.g. If the label 100 calories/per serving: Medium in calories lists 15% for calcium, it means that 400 calories/per serving: High in calories 1 serving of this food provides 15% Watch for calories from Fat - it should be less than 30% DV. of the calcium you need each day. Total Fat Look for low saturated fat. Eat no trans fat – look for words The type of fat is more important like "hydrogenated" or "partially hydrogenated" (trans fat) in the than the amount. Trans fat is the ingredient list to make sure that the product contains no trans fat. most unhealthy type of fat. Tip: Low saturated fat means 2 grams or less fat per serving. Cholesterol Look for low cholesterol Cholesterol is a waxy, fat-like stuff Tip: Low cholesterol means 20 milligrams or less per serving. in all body cells. Sodium (in salt) Look for low sodium Try to eat food with less Tips: Less salt is better for your health. sodium (salt). Low sodium means 140 milligrams or less per serving. **Carbohydrates** Mainly sugars and starches Many fruits and vegetables come *Tips*: 1 gram of carb = 4 calories with fiber. Try to eat 5+ servings Dietary Fiber: Look for more fiber per serving. of them a day. Whole grain food *Tips*: Good source of fiber means at least 3 grams per serving. also has more fiber. Excellent source of fiber means 5 or more grams per serving. Sugar: Look for low or no sugar; watch for added sugar. High sugar means 7 or more grams of sugar per serving. 1 teaspoonful of sugar = 4 grams of sugar Protein Proteins are the building blocks of life in every cell in the Protein comes from eggs, fish, lean human body. They are very important for children's health and meat, nuts, seeds, beans, and growth. vegetables like broccoli and *Tips*: 7 grams (1 oz.) protein = 1 serving; 1 gram protein = 4 calories brussels sprouts. Compare with Fat: 4 - 5 grams (1 oz.) fat = 1 serving 1 gram fat = 9 calories

More Tips

- Check the serving size and number of servings. If you are eating more than one serving, you are getting more calories and more of everything as listed in the label.
- Check the calories per serving: 40 is low; 100 is medium; 400 is high.
- Understand Percent Daily Values (DV): 5% is low; 20% or more is high
- Eat less sodium and avoid too much added sugar in your meals, snacks, and drinks.
- Make sure you are getting enough healthy fats, fiber, protein, vitamins, and minerals.

For more information about Food Labels in English and other languages, visit www.fda.gov. Updated 12/18/2020.

Food Labels

Take a look at the Food Labels below. The one on the right is the new label now being used since March 2020. Please keep in mind:

- Information on a Food Label is based on 2,000 calories day, a standard for most adults. There is a lot of information on a label. Because of this reason, Stay in Shape recommends that students take small steps in learning to read Food Labels. As a beginner, you can focus on looking at:
 - Total servings and serving size
 - o Calories per serving
 - o Trans Fat
 - o Sodium
 - Sugars, especially Added Sugars

Gradually you can build up your reading skills to read and understand every line.

- Food Labels help us make healthier food choices. Reading labels makes a great healthy-living habit. Go for it!

Original Label

Amount Per Servi			
		lories fron	F-170
Calories 230	Ca	lories from	n Fat 72
<u>.</u>		% Dail	y Value*
Total Fat 8g			12%
Saturated Fat	1g		5%
Trans Fat 0g			
Cholesterol 0	mg		0%
Sodium 160mg	1		7%
Total Carbohy	ydrate 3	7g	12%
Dietary Fiber	4g		16%
Sugars 12g			
Protein 3g			
Vitamin A			10%
Vitamin C			8%
Calcium			20%
Iron			45%
* Percent Daily Value Your daily value may your calorie needs.			
Total Fat	Less than	65g	80g
Sat Fat	Less than	20g	25g
Cholesterol	Less than	300mg	300mg
Sodium Total Carbohydrate	Less than	2,400mg 300g	2,400mg
Dietary Fiber		25g	375g 30g

New Label

8 servings per container Serving size 2/3 cup	(55g)	appears in larger, bold and some serving sizes have been updated.
Calories 2	30 _	Calories are now displa in larger, bolder font.
% Daily	Value*	in in ger, cereer term
Total Fat 8g	10%	Daily Values have
Saturated Fat 1g	5%	been updated.
Trans Fat 0g		been upuateu.
Cholesterol Omg	0%	
Sodium 160mg	7%	
Total Carbohydrate 37g	13%	
Dietary Fiber 4g	14%	
Total Sugars 12g		Added sugars, vitamin
Includes 10g Added Sugars	20%	and potassium are now
Protein 3g		listed. Manufacturers
Vitamin D 2mcg	10%	must declare the amou
Calcium 260mg	20%	in addition to percent
Iron 8mg	45%	Daily Value for vitamins
Potassium 235mg	6%	and minerals.

Screen shot from https://www.fda.gov/media/135197/download

Student Handout

Research shows that **foods and drinks with added sugar** do not make to the list of healthy foods. Candy, cookies, and soda can have a lot of **added sugar** in them. **Sugar can also hide** in foods that aren't even taste that sweet! Here's what to look out for to **avoid added or hidden sugars**.

GRANOLA BARS are a quick and easy snack, but next time you reach for one, check the ingredients for molasses, malt extracts, and any word that ends in "-ose", "syrup" or "saccharide". These are sugars hiding in your "healthy" snack!

It's pretty tough to find granola bars without a lot of added sugar that *don't* taste like cardboard, so a healthier – also quick, filling, and delicious - snack would be trail mix. You can make it yourself by mixing your favorite nuts, seeds, and bits of dried fruits!

YOGURT has calcium, protein, and probiotics that keep your digestive system healthy, but watch out for ingredients that end in words like "syrup" and "concentrate," because these are added sugars.

Don't like plain, unsweetened yogurt? Try mixing in fresh fruit like banana, grapes, and others you like. It sweetens the yogurt without any added sugar.



JUICE & SPORTS DRINKS Do you play a team sport, run or weight train? That's awesome - keep it up! But put away the Gatorade and Vitamin Water. These drinks can have over 20 grams of sugar per serving, and a lot of these bottles contain more than one serving!

If you train and sweat a lot for a long period of time and you want to use sports drinks, that may be fine. But please know that most people only need water to stay hydrated during exercise. Electrolytes in sports drinks are mostly sodium and potassium, so a couple crackers and some banana for your workout can do the job without 20+ grams of added sugar.



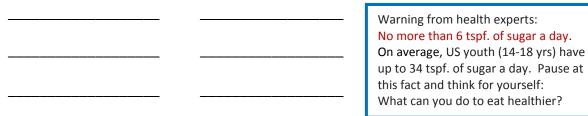
DRESSINGS & SAUCES WHAT?! These foods aren't even sweet! It's true though. Check the label on your spaghetti and barbeque sauces and favorite salad dressings. If you see sugar or high fructose corn syrup on the ingredients list, you've got yourself some added sugar.

There are many ways to flavor up your meat, pasta or salad without added sugar. Instead of BBQ sauce, try a sugar-free dry rub on your chicken. Many brands of dressings and sauces are made without sugar - It just takes an extra look at the Food Label to know.

Handout created by Madeline Friedman, Nutrition Student Volunteer of the Stay in Shape Program 2018-2019. Updated 12/3/2020.



What other sugar-shocker drinks or food do you know? Write them down:



Great job! Be sure to let this activity help you make better decisions in choosing foods and drinks. Remember, the Food Label shows <u>added sugar</u>. All you need to do is to take a look, so you know to stay away from foods and drinks containing too much added sugar.

Updated 12/10/2020

Nutrition Education

Start Your Day with a Healthy Breakfast

Session Goal

To learn the importance of having breakfast and change breakfast skipping behavior

Teaching Points

Breakfast is an important meal of the day.

Skipping breakfast is not smart. It can increase your risk for some health problems, including clogged arteries in adulthood, according to new research. A healthy breakfast can help boost your academic performance / grades Eating breakfast helps to promote good behaviors (e.g. mood, relationship) Have good time management skills in the morning to ensure eating breakfast Other strategies to change the behavior of skipping breakfast

Suggested Activities

Ask students about their current "breakfast behavior" Identify barriers to having breakfast and share quick and healthy breakfast ideas Have the students to Takis Food Label Analysis Activity, discuss their final answer to the question of "Is Takis a healthy food choice for breakfast?"

Student Handout

Quick and Healthy Breakfast Ideas Healthy Drinks for Children and Youth Activity Sheet: Does Takis make a healthy food choice for breakfast?

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

Healthy Breakfast Planner www.kidshealth.org/teen/recipes/recipes/breakfast_sheet.html

Does Skip Breakfast Cause Me to Binge Eat? www.kidshealth.org/teen/expert/nutrition/binge_breakfast.html

Healthy Breakfast: Quick, Flexible Options

www.mayoclinic.org/healthy-lifestyle/nutrition-and-healthy-eating/in-depth/food-and-nutrition/art-20048294



Quick and Healthy Breakfast Ideas

Have you been skipping breakfast? **Do you know that skipping breakfast can hurt your health in many ways?** Skipping breakfast can also hurt your school grades.

Here are a few suggestions to jump-start your morning with a quick and healthy breakfast. The key is good time management in the morning to make eating breakfast a **priority**. Choose something from each of the four food groups - grain, dairy, fruit / vegetable, protein, and healthy fat groups - to eat a healthy breakfast:

- 2 whole wheat toaster waffles with fresh berries and yogurt
- Breakfast burrito: egg beater in a flour tortilla with green peppers, onions, and low fat cheese
- English muffin pizza with sauce and mozzarella cheese
- ¾ cup cereal with sliced banana and low fat milk
- ½ cup oatmeal with fruit and low fat milk
- Yogurt parfait with layers of granola and dried fruit
- Microwave quesadilla with low fat cheese and salsa
- 1 low sugar breakfast bar with a piece of fruit and a yogurt
- ½ bagel with 1 tsp of regular peanut butter and a small glass of orange juice
- Baggie of trail mix and a carton of skim or low fat milk
- Smoothie Mix yogurt, fruit, and milk.
- A hard boiled egg with an apple and a slice of wheat bread
- Granola bar with an orange and a slice of cheese
- A hard-boiled egg (Tip: Boil it the night before and store it in the refrigerator so you save time in the morning), a small or medium-sized banana, and a glass of water
- Leftovers from yesterday? Absolutely!
- There is no such a thing as breakfast food. Be creative. You can certainly eat any of the yummy and healthy food choices from your home country for breakfast!

Handout created by Jennifer M. Vetree, MS, RD, LDN, MGH Clinical Nutrition in 2002. Updated 12/2/2020.







Student Handout Healthy Drinks for Children and Youth

Did you know?

A 12-oz can of regular soda has **150 calories** because it has **10 teaspoons** of sugar, (about 40 grams) in the can. What a sugar shocker! Instead of soda and juice, drink:



Much of the human body is made of water. What about cats, dogs, and other animals? We leave this for you to google out.

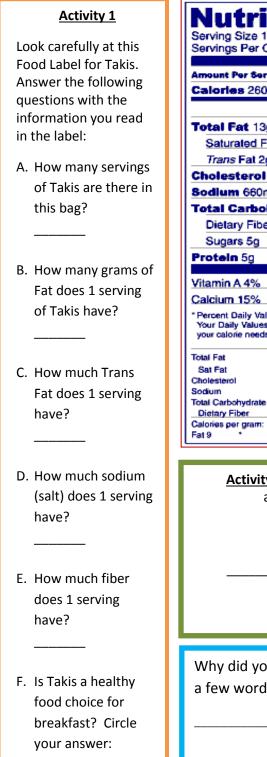
Water is life for every living thing on the planet. Let's drink water to keep our body energetic and healthy.

What about milk and juice?

Milk and juice can be good choices too, if you know how much and what kind to drink.

- Fat-free or low-fat plain milk. Drink some milk for calcium and other nutrients like Vitamin D and protein. But remember: flavored milk (chocolate, strawberry) has added sugar. Milk is not the only food that has calcium. Seeds, dark green vegetables, and fish like sardines and canned salmon also have calcium. Regular exercise also helps build strong bones.
- 100% fruit juice. 100% fruit juice has nutrients like vitamins and minerals, but you must know the limit: 1 small cup (4 − 8 oz) a day, because Juice has lots of sugar.

Water is the best drink for children, youth, and everyone. You can make drinking water fun and healthy by adding your favorite fruits, vegetables, and herbs to it – Just chop and slice them a bit and mix. Try it today! Does Takis make a healthy food choice for breakfast?



Yes No

Updated 11/13/2020

tion	Fa	cts
ontainer 2		
ina		
-	ories from	Fat 120
20		
	% Dai	ly Value*
		20%
t 5g		25%
30mg		10%
٩		28%
	1a	10%
_		0%
~ 8		• /6
•	Vitam	in C 2%
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may be highe Calories: Less than Less than	on a 2,000 c r or lower dep 2,000 65g 20g 300mg 2,400mg	2,500 80g 25g 300mg 2,400mg
Calories: Less than Less than Less than	on a 2,000 c r or lower deg 2,000 65g 20g 300mg	2,500 2,500 80g 25g 300mg
	cup (228g) ontainer 2 Ing Cal t 5g 30mg 9 9 ydrate 3 0g	Ing Calories from % Dai t 5g 30mg 9 9 9ydrate 31g 0g • Vitam

Carbohydrate 4

Breakfast is a very important meal of the day. It helps start your day the right way, when you choose to eat a healthy breakfast.

We've heard that some students like to eat Takis for breakfast. But is Takis a healthy food for us? Let's take a look.



Activity 2 Write down names of food you enjoy eating that also helps make a healthy choice for breakfast:

Protein 4

Why did you circle Yes or No? Please write down your reason in a few words: Because I

Nutrition Education

Family Meals

Session Goal

To discuss and understand the idea of preparing and eating family meals and the values of family meals in living a healthy life

Teaching Points

Family Meals is a process: food shopping, making smart food choices, preparing food, cooking, enjoying a meal together as a family, and cleaning up Values / Benefits:

The process of family meals can help everyone stay engaged and on track of eating healthy.

It gives the entire family a chance to be creative with cooking, a basic life skill. It allows you to control the ingredients you use in cooking.

It adds fun and laughter to your daily life.

It strengthens family ties, as family meals are a family ritual filled with meaningful conversations.

It gives you a sense of pride and accomplishment.

Family meals are good for your body, mind, and spirits, according to research.

Suggested Activities & Questions

Ask the participants:

To suggest more values / benefits to the above list If they help parents cook at home, what they usually make To describe the steps they take in preparing and cooking food To describe the taste of the food they make What did you do to help your parents cook? How did you like the food cooked at home? Difference between home-cooked food and food from stores or restaurants

Student Handout

Family Meals, Best Meals

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

<u>MGH Family Dinner Project</u> Video Talk: <u>https://www.massgeneral.org/blum-center/events/creating-meaningful-connections-through-conversation</u>

Family Meals: www.kidshealth.org/parent/food/general/family_meals.html

Why Meal Times Matter?

www.poweroffamilymeals.com/Mealtime_Matters/ (with a brief video clip)

Family Meals, Best Meals

Everyone is busy these days. It may be hard for the family to come together at mealtimes. But we encourage everyone to try and plan the time. Family meals are very important and good for you (Please share this handout with your mom and dad).

According to research, when cooking food together and eating family meals, children are more likely to ...

- Eat fruits, vegetables and other healthy foods.
- Try new foods.
- Do better in school because of eating healthy family meals and meaningful connections with the family.

Children are less likely to ...

- Snack on unhealthy foods
- Drink soda and eat fried foods
- Have unhealthy eating habits
- Smoke cigarettes and drink alcohol



Family meals bring everyone together. Here are some tips for your family to start cooking and eating meals together:

- Set a mealtime and make family meals a priority
- Set a goal for everyone to join the family meal time
- Get everyone's hands-on in meal preparation make it fun
- Make simple meals so you do not take a long time to prepare or clean up. This will give you more time to enjoy eating together.
- A family meal can be breakfast, lunch or dinner
- Make your table pretty! Add flowers and other decorations. Be creative!
- Turn off the TV when having a family meal. Use the time for a great family conversation. Get everyone to talk about their day at a family meal time.
 You can certainly talk about Stay in Shape and what you have learned from the program!

Cooking and eating together may not be easy at first, but give it more time. It is a healthy habit and great family ritual to have. It can help everyone, especially children, in the family stay healthy and happy.

Student Activity Sheet

- Have a conversation about the colors, texture, and taste of these fruits and vegetables. -Add more fruits and vegetables you like to eat to the list.

Eat the "Rainbow" of Fruits and Vegetables Go for a total of 5 – 9 servings a day! (Image credit: Google Image Search)



What other fruits and vegetables do you like to eat? Pease write down their names:

Updated 11/13/2020.

Nutrition Education

Foods for a Healthy and Happy Heart

Session Goal

To learn and become familiar with a list of foods particularly good for heart health

Teaching Points

As the program is coming to an end, this topic can also used to wrap up what has been discussed in Nutrition Education of the program.

Healthy fats: plant-based fats from nuts, seeds, and avocado; fats from fatty fish like salmon; fats from healthy oils like Extra Virgin Oliver Oil
Stay away from unhealthy fats: Saturated fats and trans fats are unhealthy fats.
Foods with more fiber: Whole grains, brown rice, seeds, vegetables and fruits, Calcium: Dark leafy greens, fatty fish, Vitamin D from getting some sun light every day.
My Balanced Plate: A plate with the above foods.
Daily exercise: Daily goal is at least 1 hour of activity a day.
Entertainment screen time: Not more than 2 hrs a day.
Stress management: Practice deep breathing regularly.
Good night's sleep: 9-10 hrs a night is recommended.

Suggested Activities

Discuss the role of nutrition in protecting the heart Make a list of "foods for a happy and healthy heart" Review previously discussed nutrition topics, as well as health topics, all supporting heart health.

Student Handouts

Food for a Healthy and Happy Heart The Ugly Trans Fats

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

Fat Facts <u>www.heart.org/idc/groups/heart-</u> public/@wcm/@global/documents/downloadable/ucm_321858.pdf

Foods for a Healthy and Happy Heart

Eat for a Healthy Heart!

It's never too early to think about your heart health. It is important to start and keep heart healthy habits at a young age. Your heart will thank you forever!

Words to learn:

Saturated Fat – The not so healthy fat. It is usually from meat. It hardens at room temperature.

Unsaturated Fat – The healthy fat. It is from a plant-based foods. It stays a liquid at room temperature.

*Cholestero*l - A waxy, fat-like stuff in the body. Your body makes it naturally and you can also get it from the foods you eat. Too much cholesterol can hurt your heart health.

Dietary Fiber – It is in plants, like fruits, vegetables and grains. Your body can't digest it and it passes. Fiber makes you feel full.

Your daily need for fiber: "Your age+5" grams

A serving of food that has 3 or more grams of fiber makes it a fiber-rich food or a good source for fiber.

More Tips for a Healthy & Happy Heart

- Eat less unhealthy fats; eat no trans fat
- Go easy on salt less is better
- Eat small portions and eat mindfully
- Eat less sugar, esp. added sugar
- Drink water
- Exercise every day for at least 60 minutes
- Sleep well

10 plus Foods Your Heart Loves

- Fresh fruits and vegetables They make that beautiful and delicious "rainbow", remember?
- 2. Nuts The good fat in nuts keeps your heart happy and healthy.
- Whole grain foods High fiber helps you feel full longer and lowers cholesterol.
- Fish Omega 3 Fats keep your heart healthy.
- Berries Antioxidants and Vitamins in berries support good heart health.
- Flax seeds
 Omega 3 fatty acids, fiber and other nutrients in Flax seeds help boost heart health. Sprinkle ground Flax seeds over cereal, oatmeal, yogurt and other of your favorite foods and enjoy!
- 7. Beans and peas Another great way to fiber up your meals!
- 8. Fat free or low-fat milk products Calcium also counts!
- Extra virgin olive oil The good fat in olive oil is healthy.
- 10. Water. Remember, water is the best!
- 11. A pair of walking shoes

No, you can't eat shoes \bigcirc , but daily exercise – for up to **60 minutes** - is so much fun and a healthy choice for you. It keeps your heart healthy and happy. Go for it and exercise safely!

Handout Developed by Allison Karr, MGH Nutrition Student Intern 06. Updated 12/23/2020.

Nutrition Education

Foods for Healthy Skin, Hair, Nails, and Teeth

Session Goal

To learn and become familiar with a list of foods particularly good for skin, hair, and nails

(Note: As the program is coming to an end, we use this topic to wrap up what has been discussed in the program.)

Teaching Points

5-9 servings of fruits and vegetables every day Protein and iron Fiber Water Calcium Daily exercise Stress management

Suggested Activities

Discuss briefly what makes skin, hair, teeth, and nails healthy The role of nutrition in protecting skin, hair, teeth, and nails Create a list of "foods for beauty" Review previously taught nutrition topics and point out that all of them support beautiful skin, hair, teeth, and nails

Student Handout

Foods for Healthy Skin, Hair, Nails, and Teeth

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

Skin, Hair, and Nails

www.kidshealth.org/teen/your_body/body_basics/skin_hair_nails.html

Foods - and Other Daily Health Habits - for Healthy Skin, Hair, Nails, and Teeth

Eating healthy food benefits every part of our body. Here are 8 tips to help keep your skin, hair, teeth and nails looking healthy and beautiful.

- Drink plenty of water This is key to a healthy body. Experts recommend drinking 6 - 8 cups of water (1.5 – 2 liters) a day. Do not wait to feel thirsty before drinking water, because by then your body is already dehydrated. Take frequent water breaks throughout the day, especially in summer or at times of playing sports. Fruit and vegetables bring water to your body too. This is another reason that you should eat enough of them every day.
- Eat the "rainbow" Fruits and vegetables protect skin. Bright and dark colored fruits and vegetables like berries, plums, carrots, broccoli, and sweet potatoes have lots of Vitamin A. Vitamin A helps keep skin, hair and nails healthy. Eat up to 5 servings of fruit and vegetables a day!
- 3. Eat lean protein Vitamin D, Iron, Zinc in lean meats help make hair, skin and nails shine. Lean meats like chicken and turkey provide protein, so do eggs and nuts.
- 4. **Eat whole grains** Whole wheat bread, brown rice and wheat pasta are better than refined or white bread, rice and pasta. Whole grains have more fiber and Vitamin B, good for the health of your hair, skin and nails.
- 5. **Eat healthy fats and oils** Good fats in nuts and some fish and Flax Seeds help keep cells healthy and strong. Healthy cells keep hair, skin and nails look beautiful.
- 6. Eat low-fat dairy Calcium and Vitamin A in milk products help make nails strong. The good bacteria in yogurt help keep skin healthy. Just remember to go for lowsugar yogurt. You can add nuts – unless you are allergic to nuts - and fresh fruit to yogurt so it tastes even better.
- 7. Keep stress under control Stress can be a big risk for developing skin problems, like acne, eczema, hives, and also hair loss. Find ways, like deep breathing, to relax your skin, muscles, and most of all, your mind so you feel healthy and look great.
- Sleep well Catch enough Zzzzs! Skin is the body's largest organ. Everyone needs sleep to stay healthy and strong. Not getting enough sleep can make your skin more easily catch breakouts and rashes. It can make your skin, hair and nails look dull and unhealthy. 9 - 10 hours of sleep every night is your goal. We challenge you to reach this goal, starting tonight!

Handout developed 2005. Updated 11/27/2020.

Nutrition Education

Summary of Nutrition Education

Session Goal

To summarize all topics, especially those related to the learning objectives (listed below), taught and discussed in nutrition education

Nutrition Education Topics

Eat happy and healthy: The right attitude toward food, eating, and your body My Balanced Plate: Eat 5 – 9 servings of fruits and vegetables a day Food Labels: How to read and understand Nutrition Facts listed on the label Breakfast – Don't skip it! Family Meals: Prepare, cook, and eat food at home Foods for a healthy and happy heart and also for healthy skin, hair, nails, and teeth

Suggested Activities

Share a story of how a student has met the challenge of making a change in eating well – what happened?

Talk more about barriers to healthy eating and how to overcome the barriers

Encourage students to share what they learned from the program with family members and friends

Remind students to include Stay in Shape experience in their college or job application in near future



Physical Activity & Education

Physical Activity Education

Daily Exercise Goal of 60 Minutes for Youth

Session Goal

To promote 60 minutes/day for exercise and encourage action among students To learn all about this goal and exercise benefits for physical and mental health To discuss exercise safety tips

Teaching Points

Review exercise guidelines and benefits for youth. Please download the PPT Presentation (Selected slides) or use the PDF document:

PPT: https://health.gov/our-work/physical-activity/current-guidelines

- Slides 7 10: Types and Intensity of Exercise
- Slide 17: Benefits of Physical Activity for Youth
- Slide 24: Key Guidelines

PDF: <u>https://health.gov/sites/default/files/2019-</u> 09/Physical_Activity_Guidelines_2nd_edition_Presentation.pdf

Review Key Messages / Top 10 Things to Know: <u>https://health.gov/our-work/physical-activity/current-guidelines/top-10-things-know</u>

Smart goal-setting: 60 minutes can be broken down to shorter periods of time throughout the day to make exercise easier and better match schedules of school work; all activities count, so just be creative and safe; keeping an exercise log can be fun and motivational – try it! Stay in Shape provides a log included in both the Curriculum and Student Handout Book.

Physical Activity Education

Exercise Safety

Session Goal

Learn to put safety in the first place for any types of exercise

Teaching Points

Exercise injuries and ways to prevent them Dehydration The importance of warm-up and cool-down

Suggested Activities

Make and share a list of common sports injuries Connect with Healthy Drinks for Youth in Nutrition Education when discussing danger of dehydration Learn the importance of warm-up and cool-down as a safety measure that helps reduce the risk of injuries

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

What Are Sports Injuries www.niams.nih.gov/Health_Info/Sports_Injuries/sports_Injuries_ff.pdf

Classroom (On-site and virtual) Physical Activity: Considerations during COVID-19 https://www.cdc.gov/healthyschools/physicalactivity/pdf/Classroom_PA_COVID_Consi derations_FINAL_201008.pdf

Student Handout

Exercise Safety Tips

What Is a Warm-Up?

Warm-up is an activity that prepares your body for physical exercise at any intensity. It makes your heart beat and breathing faster.

What Can I Do to Warm Up?

You can use the activity that you are going to do for exercise at a slower pace for your warm-up. For example, if you plan to jog, start with a 10 minute walk or jog at a slower pace than you would normally walk or jog. Then move on to stretching.

What Is Stretching? When and How Do I Do It?

Stretching is great for you before you start your exercise, but after you have warmed up. Stretching can lower the chance of muscle injuries. It does so by improving your muscle flexibility. When you stretch a muscle, you want to feel pulling of that muscle, but not too much. To do a stretch, you hold the position for 30 seconds and repeat 2-3 times. Breathe normally as you go. Stretch safely: Avoid bouncing or pushing too hard.

What Is a Cool-Down?

Cooling-down is very important. You need to slow down your body after a workout for 5-10 minutes to help your body recover from the workout. It should include light aerobic exercise like walking or marching, then stretching. Cooling down can help slow down your heart beat and breathing, and lower the chance for muscle and joint pain.

A Few More Tips

- Try to add warm-up, stretch, and cool-down into your daily exercise routine.
- Drink plenty of water during and after an exercise session.
- Wear good supportive sneakers and loose fitting clothes to allow you to move freely and safely.
- Never exercise through pain. Remember to pace yourself during any activity and be safe!



Cloud art created by Clark Avenue Middle School Stay in Shape students, Chelsea, 2014 – 2015 School Year

Handout credit: <u>MGH Revere</u> Physical Therapy Department for MGH Revere Pedi-MedPeds' iFit Program. Edited 11/20/2020.

Warm-up helps to make an exercise program safer and more effective. You can burn more calories if you warm up!

Student Activity

Stairwell Climbing

Session Goal

To provide an opportunity for students to climb a favorite mountain through the symbolic stairwell climbing at school, home, or other settings with stairs

Teaching Points

Introduce the mountains and conversion to floors for climbing:

Mount Everest, Nepal – 29,028 feet or 1,451 floors Mount Rainier, Washington – 14,410 feet or 721 floors Mount Washington, New Hampshire – 6,288 feet or 315 floors Mount Pelee, Martinique – 4,582 feet or 229 floors

Suggested Activities

Have each student talk about how he/she will participate in this activity. Make a plan on how to report progress in climbing.

- Later when checking back with the students, troubleshoot for students who have trouble making progress, if any, and help them make a new plan to get started.
- Encourage everyone to continue climbing to reach the top of his / her favorite mountain.
- Students can certainly choose another mountain from around the world for this activity.

Student Handout: A Fun Activity of Stairwell Climbing Climb to the Top of Your Favorite Mountain in _____ weeks Choose to Start Climbing Your Favorite Mountain!

First, decide how many floors you want to climb a day. Then, use your math skills to figure out how many weeks (If you stick to your plan of climbing every day) it will take you to reach the topic of a mountain. You can certainly take as long as you wish to reach the top of your favorite mountain. We encourage you to create a simple log and use it to keep track of the number of floors you climb each day. Feel free to skip a day if you need a break. Just remember to keep the log, so you don't lose track of your progress. Safe and fun climbing!

 $\sqrt{}$ Mount Everest, Nepal – 29,028 feet or 1,451 floors

For example, if you want to climb 10 floors a day, you will need roughly 21 weeks to reach the top of Mount Everest.

Figure out how many floors a day you will need to climb in order to reach the top of Mount Everest in 25, 30, 35 ... weeks:

Figure out how many floors a day you will need to climb in order to reach the top of Mount Rainier in 15, 20, 25, 30 ... weeks: _____

Figure out how many floors a day you will need to climb in order to reach the top of Mount Washington in 15, 20, 25, 30 ... weeks:

 $\sqrt{$ Mount Pelee, Martinique – 4,582 feet or 229 floors (Where is Mount Pelee?)

Figure out how many floors a day you will need to climb in order to reach the top of Mount Pelee in 15, 20, 25, 30 ... weeks:

Be a Stay in Shape champion and help make regular exercise a way of life for yourself, friends, and family members!

Physical Activity Education

Summary of Physical Activity Education

Session Goal

To encourage students to make 60-minutes daily exercise a way of life

Teaching Points

Exercise goal for youth: 60 minutes / day Types of exercise: What's your favorite activity (or activities), and why? Benefits of exercise: Exercise safety tips

Suggested Activities

Review exercise goals for youth Review exercise safety tips Ask students to share success stories in meeting the daily exercise goal Ask students to share challenges in meeting the daily exercise goal Discuss realistic and effective ways to overcome challenges

Concluding Remarks

Daily physical activity is key to living a healthy life. It closely supports nutrition, mental health, and sleep



Other Materials

Mid-Program Summary

Home Assignments

Program Completion (Including the post-survey)

Mid-Program Summary

(To be conducted at the time when the program is half way through.)

Session Goal

To review program goal and objectives

- To summarize what has been presented and discussed at this point
- To check in with students what positive changes they have made, if they have
- challenges in following the Stay in Shape recommendations they have learned so far.
- To assign homework for school recess week

Teaching Points

Review of program goal and objectives

Program Goal: To provide an opportunity of high-quality health education for students to learn and develop positive and lifelong health habits through not only awareness but also action on the seven core Stay in Shape learning objectives:

Program Objectives

- 1) Eat more fruits and vegetables up to a total of 5 or more servings a day through understanding and practicing My Plate;
- 2) Eat a healthy breakfast every day;
- 3) Understand and always read the Food Labels in order to make healthier food choices;
- 4) Reduce TV and other entertainment screen time to no more than 2 hours a day;
- 5) Spend at least 60 minutes being physically active every day;
- 6) Practice deep breathing regularly as an evidence-based tool to control daily stress; and
- 7) Have a good night's sleep Aim for 9 to 10 hours a night.

Suggested Activities

Ask each student to give a brief report on how she/he is doing with the program so far Discuss challenges and missed opportunities

Collect comments and questions from students for a conversation focusing on taking small steps of change; health beliefs – health as a foundation for all other things in one's life, living a healthy life is everyone's responsibility; once in Stay in Shape, always stay in shape!

Home Assignment

Session Goal

To provide an opportunity for each participant to self-study and continue the program on his/her own for one week by assigning one or all three home activities for school recess week when there is no program or at any other time during the program

Suggested Activities

Ask each student to give a brief report on how she/he is doing with the program so far Discuss challenges and missed opportunities

Collect comments, questions, and suggestions from students for a conversation

Activities

- 1) Stay in Shape Weekly Log
- 2) Essay on Body Image (Highly recommended)
- 3) Fiber Up!

Instructions

Stay in Shape Weekly Log

- Record the servings of fruits and vegetables students eat each day.
 Remember, 5 or more combined servings of fruits and vegetables each day is the healthy way to go.
- Record the time and kind of physical activities students do each day. Remember, the goal is to be physically active for 60 minutes each day.
- Record deep breathing activity each day with a brief description of how much time and how students feel with the activity. Remember, the goal is to develop the habit of daily stress management through deep breathing.

Essay on Body Image

- Building a positive body image is a very important part of living a healthy life for children and youth.
- Introduce Body Image Essay Brochures to students. Encourage them to through the essays written by past program participants for inspiration and ideas for writing their own body image essays.
- Suggested length of the essay: 200 words for high school students; 100 words for middle and elementary school students.
- Students can certainly write as much or as little as they wish.

Fiber Up!

- A child's daily need for fiber is in the range of "Age + 5" grams. Eating fiberrich foods can help all of us including students to reduce the risk for many diseases like obesity, diabetes, heart disease, high cholesterol, and some types of cancer. Study <u>www.kidshealth.org/teen/food_fitness/nutrition/fiber.html</u>. For this assignment, students should answer these two questions:

- 1. What foods have more fiber? Give 3 examples.
- 2. On a Food Label, how do you know if this food item provides good source for fiber"?(Remind students that a food item with 3 or more grams of fiber per serving makes a good source for fiber)
- 3. Make a list of 5-10 fiber-rich foods and circle the foods that are students' favorite foods to eat.



 Home Assignment: "Stay in Shape" Weekly Log
 Your Name
 Your School

 Instructions:
 Your School
 Your School

1. Write down name of fruits and vegetables you eat each day. Remember: **5 or more servings** is your goal.

- 2. Write down how much time and name of physical activity you do each day. Remember: 60 minutes is your goal.
- 3. Write down your Deep Breathing practice each day and check off how you did it, a mini one with just a few breaths or a 10+ min session. Describe briefly how you feel each time you finish. Remember: your goal is to use this simple skill as one way to control daily stress.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Fruits and Vegetables	Name of fruit or vegetable: 1 2 3 4 5 More servings:	Name of fruit or vegetable: 1 2 3 4 5 More servings:	Name of fruit or vegetable: 1 2 3 4 5 More servings:	Name of fruit or vegetable: 1 2 3 4 5 More servings:	Name of fruit or vegetable: 1 2 3 4 5 More servings:	Name of fruit or vegetable: 1 2 3 4 5 More servings:	Name of fruit or vegetable: 1 2 3 4 5 More servings:
Physical Activity	60 min or more 30 min or more Name of Activity:	60 min or more 30 min or more Name of Activity:	 60 min or more 30 min or more Name of Activity: 	60 min or more 30 min or more Name of Activity:	 60 min or more 30 min or more Name of Activity: 	 60 min or more 30 min or more Name of Activity: 	 60 min or more 30 min or more Name of Activity:
Deep Breathing	 Mini Breathing 10+ Min Session Describe: 	 Mini Breathing 10+ Min Session Describe: 	 Mini Breathing 10+ Min Session Describe: 	 Mini Breathing 10+ Min Session Describe: 	 Mini Breathing 10+ Min Session Describe: 	 Mini Breathing 20 Min Session Describe: 	 Mini Breathing 20 Min Session Describe:

Adapted from "Your Weekly Log – Growing Up Healthy and Strong Is as Easy as 5-2-1!" Jump Up & Go, Blue Cross Blue Shield Massachusetts

Home Assignment: Essay of Positive Body Image

Essay Writing: Positive Body Image: What Does It Mean to You?

Goal: To build a positive body image through essay writing that defines body image in your own words How long: No limit. You can write as long or as short as you wish.

Instructions:

- Body image is about our mental health. Having a positive body image is an important part of living a healthy life for people of all ages.
- Read at least 3 Stay in Shape Body Image Brochures out of the total of 6, included in the Student Handout Book, for inspirations to complete your own essay. The brochures are made up of selected quotes from the essays written by the past Stay in Shape students.
- You can write about your appearance, personality, or your feelings about yourself. You can aslo write about your cultural background or how you choose to live a healthy life. Any other things that help you understand and practice **positive body image** are welcome too.
- You can check out these web sites for more information about body image: <u>www.youtube.com/watch?v=n-Do8SOlSqg</u> (14 min) <u>https://kidshealth.org/en/teens/body-image.html; https://kidshealth.org/en/teens/male-bodyimage.html</u>
- Turn in your completed body image essay to your teacher. We'd love select quotes from your essay to make the next Stay in Shape Body Image Brochure. For this reason, please write down your first name and the name of your school. Thank you in advance for your contribution!

We hope that this writing assignment will help you re-think of and re-define body image. Everyone is different. No one is perfect. You are unique the way you choose to live a healthy life!

Your First Name:	Your School:
Body Image Essay:	







ul and Healthy	Being Provid "It is really important for everyone to feel prolid of themselves like I do.	Feeling proud helps you live a long and healthy life" Eugene Wright	"I like how smart I am because people al- ways compliment me on my intelligence and it makes me feel AWESOMEr ^e -Eugene Wright 1 Know that I have worked	what I have learned and continue to make choices that will make me proud of who I am" Branden, Eugene Wright	"I am really proud of my background and culture. I get to try new Poods from Hon- duras that I've never tried before and cele- brate holidays that most people dont. I like to share my background with my friends so they can learn about me and my family"	-Anthony, Eugene Wright "I'm proud to be Hondurian and I think everyone should be proud of their culture too" -Stephanie, Clark	"I'm proud of my athletic abilities and I hope one day it helps me get a scholarship to college" -Clark
Stay in Shape: Redefining What's Beautiful and Healthy	What does Body Image *	"If I take good care of myself, eat healthy- and exercise I will grow up to be a strong and beautiful womani" - Fugene Wright	"Body image is how we look and feel about ourselves. I love my body because it's my own and I'm beautiful just the way I am" - Katherine, Clark	"I was born this way. Sure, I have insecuri- ties, but who doesh't? I'm proud of my- self and I love myself no matter what" -Karla, Clark	"T'm perfect just the way I am. I don't care what people think of me. Whether they think I'm fat or skinny- to me those words do hot exist. That's what body image mens to me and I love my body!" - Becca, Clark	"As I grow up, I am learning new things about myself that make me proud and look at myself in a positive way. I know that I need to keep looking at myself in a positive way into the future so that I can be success- ful and happy"-Stuani, Fugene Wright	"Body image means that you love yourself for who you are" -Clark
stay in Shape: R	WBAT IS MODY IMAGE?	Body Image is thou we took at and feet about ourselves.	Posifive Body Image When you have a positive body image, you have a real view of your body size and shape and feel confortable with your body. A positive body	image is part of healtchy living!	Negative body image poor image A negative body image gives you a poor image of yourself—body size, shape and your whole being. This can hurr your self esteem. It can make you feel had about yourself. It does hot support a healthy lifestole	 Kay In Shape helps girls and boys develop a Positive body image that 	supports a healthy lifestyle and a sense of pride, happiness, and love of yourself.

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Fiber Up!

Home Assignment: Mini Research Paper on Fiber

Goal: To learn more about fiber-rich foods for a better understanding of the health benefits of fiber.

Instructions:

Please answer the following 3 questions in your mini research paper. You can review what you learned from Stay in Shape to write your paper. We also encourage you to research more from the link below to complete your paper. Have fun!

Your daily need for fiber is your age + 5 grams a day. For example, if you are 14 years old, your daily need for fiber would be 19 grams. You can visit <u>www.kidshealth.org/teen/food_fitness/nutrition/fiber.html</u> to learn more before you start writing your paper.

1. What foods have more fiber? Give 3 examples.

2. On a Food Label, how do you know if this food item provides good source for fiber"?

1. Make a list of 5 – 10 fiber-rich foods that are your favorite to eat. Then describe some of the health benefits fiber in foods can give us.

Health Benefits of Fiber:

Program Completion

Summary: Once in "Stay in Shape", always stay in shape!

Session Goal

To celebrate completion of the program and congratulate all students

Teaching Points

Eleven Best Daily Health Habits (Program Summary) Post-Survey Awards: Program Completion Certificates and Prizes. Encourage students to save the SIS Certificate together with their other achievement records for future college application - Their experience with Stay in Shape would make a great topic for their personal application essay!

Suggested Activities

Discuss the handout of Eleven Best Daily Health Habits Ask students to share their plans or thoughts about how to move on after the program Congratulations to all students on a job well done!

Student Handouts

Eleven Best Daily Health Habits Post-Survey Program Completion Certificates Stay in Shape cinch packs

Resources for Facilitating Discussion

State of Childhood Obesity, Massachusetts https://stateofchildhoodobesity.org/states/ma/

The Exercise Habit

www.familydoctor.org/online/famdocen/home/healthy/physical/basics/059.printerview.html

7 Benefits of Regular Physical Activity www.mayoclinic.com/print/exercise/HQ01676/METHOD=print

Stress

www.kidshealth.org/teen/your_mind/emotions/stress.html

Teenagers: How to Stay Healthy www.familydoctor.org/teenagers-how-to-stay-healthy

11 Best Daily Health Habits: How Many Do You Have?

1. Eat a healthy breakfast every day

A healthy breakfast jump-starts your body and brain in the morning. It keeps you active and smart during the school day so you. A healthy breakfast also helps from overeating at the next meal.

2. Eat 5 or more servings of fruits and vegetables every day (US national campaign since 1991)

Fruits and vegetables help cut down risk of getting many diseases, including cancer and heart diseases. Remember to practice My Balanced Plate to eat plenty of fruits and vegetables. Fruits and vegetables are great snack choices too.

3. Exercise for 60 minutes every day

There are so many benefits from daily exercise. 60 minutes is your goal. Get moving every day and stay in shape for life!

4. Always Read the Food Labels

Reading the labels helps you make smarter food choices. You can avoid buying and eating unhealthy foods especially foods with too much added sugar and salt since you now know better from reading the labels.

5. Limit entertainment screen time to no more than two hours a day

The less entertainment screen time, the better! Try not to turn the TV on at family meal time. Have a conversation among families members instead.

6. Find time to relax every day

Managing daily stress well is just as important as eating healthy and exercising daily. Remember to do deep breathing regularly, the simple and effective skill you have learned. You can certainly do other things to relax, like playing sports, going for a walk, getting up for a stretch, listening to music, doing work of arts and crafts, taking a nap Your goal is to keep daily stress well under control!

7. Have a good night's sleep

Your body does all kinds of repairs for you when you are asleep. A good night's sleep helps a fever to drop, an ear-ache to calm down, and a wound to heal. Your daily sleep goal is 9 - 10 hours. Sleep well, you are worth it!

There are four more good daily health habits we hope you will remember to practice, even though we did not have the time to talk about them at Stay in Shape:

8. Stay away from vaping and using other tobacco products, alcohol, and other drugs Vaping is smoking. Each cigarette contains more than 4,000 harmful chemicals that cause diseases including many types of cancer. Just like smoking, using alcohol or drugs is a health risk for addiction.

9. Stay in close touch with nature every day

Take a minute to enjoy your natural surroundings – listen to the wind, rain; look at flowers, leaves, watch birds and hear them sing Do you know that you are part of this natural beauty too?

10. Choose respect

Practice healthy and respectful communication skills. Be kind, thoughtful, and respectful at all times.n

11. Connect heart to heart with a loved one or a close friend

Relationship is also key to staying in good health. Find time every day to connect with a loved one or a close friend. Sharing your inner thoughts and feelings with someone you trust creates an opportunity for you to let out stress and get support at the same time.

STAY IN SHAPE Post-Program Survey

Your School	Today's Date
Your grade	
Your first name	_ (First name only, please)

About the Survey

- The purpose of this survey is to collect information about what you know and do in staying healthy **after** your participation in the Stay in Shape program.
- Your answers to the questions are private. Only people who work for Stay in Shape can see the answers. The results of the survey will be used to improve the program for new participants.

Instructions:

- Please answer every question yourself, based on what you know or do; don't know or don't do
- This is not a test so there is no need to guess the right answer.
- Please feel free to ask the teacher, if you are not clear about any of the questions.

Thank you!

Stay in Shape Post-Program Survey

1. On average, I spend _____ hours every day watching TV and/or using other electronics for entertainment. \bigcirc 0 hour \bigcirc 0 - 1 hour \bigcirc 1 - 2 hours \bigcirc More than 2 hours 2. Daily stress, if poorly managed, can make people ill. \Box True \Box Not true \Box I don't know 3. I do deep breathing exercise to relax and control my stress. □ Yes □ No 4. "5 - 9 A Day" in nutrition education means ... Eat 5-9 servings of bread or rice a day Eat 5-9 small meals a day □ Eat 5-9 servings of fruits and vegetables a day □ Eat 5 small meals and 4 snacks a day □ I don't know 5. I eat at least 5 servings of fruit and vegetables every day. □ Yes □ No 6. I _____ read Nutrition Facts (Food Labels). \Box always \Box sometimes \Box once in a while \Box never 7. How many times did you skip breakfast in the past 7 days? \Box I did not skip \Box 1-3 times \Box More than 3 times 8. I spend 60 minutes on physical activities every day. □ Yes □ No 9. On average, how many hours of sleep do you get a night these days? □ 8-10 hours \Box 5-7 hours Less than 5 hours 10. The Stay in Shape program was _____ to me. □ Very helpful □ Helpful □ Somewhat helpful □ Not helpful 11. Please share a short story of how you have improved in daily nutrition (For example, eating enough fruits and vegetables, having breakfast, and drinking water), exercise, sleep, and stress management since you started Stay in Shape:

12. How confident do you think you are now to live a healthy life after the program? This means that you will continue to eat healthy, spend 60 minutes on being physically active, and do deep breathing activity or other relaxing activities to control stress.

□ Very confident □ Confident □ Somewhat confident □ Not confident

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Public health and nutrition student interns who help teach the program, update the curriculum, create Student Handouts, Activity Sheets, and other teaching tools;

Those past Stay in Shape students who wrote the Body Image Essays, selected for inclusion in the curriculum, to inspire new participants every year to write their own body image essays;

The Stay in Shape students in Clark Avenue Middle School, Chelsea, 2013-2014 and 2014 - 2015 school years, for creating the art of clouds with Stay in Shape key messages. Some of the cloud images were selected to visually enhance the curriculum;

<u>CirclePoint Bullying Prevention Program</u> and the program's founder Ari Magnusson for providing not only the two booklets on bullying prevention Ari authored, but also opportunities for students to meet Ari and listen to him talk about bullying prevention;

The MGH Clay Center for Young Healthy Minds for their self-care videos; and

The Life Skills Program operated by <u>MGH Charlestown Coalition</u> for program collaboration. Since 2016, Stay in Shape and Life Skills have been combined to offer students in Charlestown a unique opportunity to learn health and other youth developmental skills together;

CDC Healthy Schools (<u>Characteristics of an Effective Health Education Curriculum</u>) used to assess and improve this version of the Stay in Shape Curriculum and hosts of all other web-based resources including selected links for facilitating discussion. Use of such information is for the sole purpose of health education on living a healthy life among youth in vulnerable communities.

The Stay in Shape program would not have been possible without the support and expertise of those mentioned above and *all* working behind the scene at schools, school departments, MGH HealthCare Centers, MGH School-Based Health Centers, MGH Community Health Associates, MGH Center for Community Health Improvement.

Thank you!

Contact us:

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