

Rehabilitation Protocol for Clavicle ORIF

This protocol is intended to guide clinicians through the post-operative course for clavicle ORIF. This protocol is time based (dependent on tissue healing) as well as criterion based. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider exam findings and clinical decision making. The timeframes for expected outcomes contained within this guideline may vary based on surgeon's preference, additional procedures performed, and/or complications. If a clinician requires assistance in the progression of a post-operative patient, they should consult with the referring surgeon.

The interventions included within this protocol are not intended to be an all-inclusive list of exercises. Therapeutic interventions should be included and modified based on the progress of the patient and under the discretion of the clinician.

Considerations for the Post-operative Clavicle ORIF

Many different factors influence the post-operative clavicle ORIF rehabilitation outcomes, including bone health, blood supply, pre-operative shoulder range of motion (ROM), strength, and function. Other individual considerations include patient age and co-morbidities, such as: increased BMI, smoking, and diabetes. It is recommended that clinicians collaborate closely with the referring physician regarding specific ROM or loading guidelines for each individual case.

Post-operative considerations

If the patient develops a fever, unresolving numbness/tingling, excessive drainage from the incision, uncontrolled pain or any other symptoms you have concerns about you should contact the referring physician.

PHASE I: IMMEDIATE POST-OP (1-4 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Protect healing bone and soft tissue
Minimize pain and inflammation
Restore shoulder PROM
Maintain elbow wrist and hand ROM
• Wear sling for at least 3 weeks. Sling should be taken off at least four times per day to perform exercises and daily activities such as eating, dressing, and bathing
Sling should be worn while sleeping
No active motion of involved shoulder
 No lifting or carrying objects with involved arm
No weight bearing through involved arm
No shoulder flexion or abduction beyond 90 degrees
Pain/Swelling management
Cryotherapy and modalities as needed
Range of motion/Mobility
• PROM: ER and IR in the plan of the scapular to tolerance. Flexion/Scaption/abduction = 90</td
degrees. <u>Table slides</u> , <u>pendulums</u>
• AAROM: <u>Shoulder ER c dowel</u> /cane in neutral
AROM: Elbow, wrist, hand, and cervical AROM
Strengthening (Week 2)
Elbow, wrist, hand: <u>resisted wrist extension</u> , <u>resisted wrist flexion</u> , <u>resisted</u> <u>pronation/supination</u> , <u>ball squeezes</u>

	Cardio
	Walking with arm in sling
	Recumbent bike with arm in sling
Criteria to	90 degrees PROM Flexion/Scaption
Progress	• 30 degrees shoulder PROM ER
	• IR PROM to belt line
	• <4/10 pain at rest
	• Full elbow, wrist and hand AROM

PHASE II: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP (5-8 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Wean from sling
Goals	Progress shoulder PROM, AA/AROM
	Improve distal arm strength
	Decrease pain
Sling	Continue to use sling for sleep up until 6 weeks post op
- 8	 Can wean from sling throughout the day and discharge sling completely at 6 weeks post op
Precautions	 No lifting or carrying objects > a coffee cup with involved arm
	 No forceful stretching of involved shoulder or positions that cause pain
Additional	Range of motion/Mobility
Intervention	PROM: Full shoulder PROM in all planes of motion per tolerance
*Continue with	• AAROM: <u>Supine shoulder flexion with dowel</u> (Lawn Chair progression), <u>standing shoulder</u>
Phase I	flexion with dowel, rail slides, wall slides, pulleys
interventions	• AROM: Supine shoulder flexion, standing shoulder flexion, seated shoulder ER, side-lying
	shoulder ER
	Strengthening
	• Periscapular: scap retraction, prone scap retraction, low row, mid row, resisted straight arm
	<u>extension, supine serratus punches</u>
	Elbow: <u>biceps curls</u> , <u>triceps extension</u>
	Cardio
	Walking with arm out of sling
	Recumbent bike
	Stationary bike after 6 weeks, or if cleared by surgeon
Criteria to	• Full shoulder PROM
Progress	120 degrees or greater shoulder AAROM flexion
	 > 30 degrees shoulder ER AROM
	Minimal compensation pattern with shoulder movements
	• < 4/10 pain with shoulder AROM

PHASE III: LATE POST-OP (9-12 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Maximize shoulder AROM
Goals	Initiate shoulder girdle muscle activation
Precautions	• No lifting objects > 5 lbs
Additional	Range of motion/Mobility
Intervention	AROM: Continue to progress shoulder AROM and minimize compensatory patterns
*Continue with	• Stretching: Lat stretch, doorway stretch, pec/biceps stretch, posterior capsule stretch, sleeper
Phase I-II	stretch
Interventions	
	Strengthening:
	• Shoulder: Isometric flexion, Isometric extension, Isometric ER, Isometric IR, resisted IR, resisted
	ER
	Cardio

	Biking
	Swimming if cleared by surgeon
	Running if cleared by surgeon
Criteria to	• >/= 90% shoulder AROM compared to uninvolved side
Progress	Appropriate muscle activation with isometric contraction of rotator cuff and periscapular
	muscles

PHASE IV: TRANSITIONAL (12-16 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Initiate and progress isotonic shoulder strengthening
Goals	Return to normal ADLs
Additional	Range of motion/Mobility
Intervention	Continue with ROM and stretching exercises as needed
*Continue with	
Phase I-III	Strengthening
interventions	• Shoulder: wall push-ups, scaption raises, serratus roll ups, chest pulls, rhythmic stabilizations,
	plantigrade shoulder taps
	Cardio
	Swimming, Running, Biking, Elliptical
Criteria to	Good form with strengthening exercise
Progress	• Full shoulder ROM
	• 0/10 pain at rest, = 3/10 pain with resisted exercises</th
	• 4/5 shoulder strength or greater
	 No difficulties with ADL and light work-related activities

PHASE V: RETURN TO SPORT (4-6 MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Progressive strengthening and stability of involved shoulder
Goals	Return to normal sport activities
Additional	Strengthening
Intervention	• Counter push-ups, standard push-ups, resisted IR in abduction, resisted ER in abduction, wall
*Continue with	walks, face-pulls, resisted PNF diagonals,
Phase II-IV	Interval return to sport training
interventions	
Criteria to	• 90% strength or greater of involved shoulder compared to uninvolved side with dynamometry
Progress	testing
	0% disability on Quick DASH
	No pain with strength training

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	Contact	Please email <u>MGHSportsPhysicalTherapy@partners.org</u> with questions specific to this protocol
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References:

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